



# ALAGAPPA UNIVERSITY

(A State University Accredited with 'A++' Grade by NAAC in the fourth Cycle and Graded as Category -I University by MHRD-UGC)

**KARAIKUDI – 630 003**



**Prof. G. Ravi**  
Vice-Chancellor



**Prof. A. Senthilrajan**  
Registrar



**Prof. M. Jothi Basu**  
Controller of Examinations



**Dr. S. Rajaram**  
Dean



**Dr. C. Vethirajan**  
Dean, Student Affairs

**Department of Politics  
&  
Public Administration**

**Current Affairs & General Studies**

**FEBRUARY - 2026**

**Patron  
Prof.G.Ravi  
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Prof.A.Senthilrajan  
Registrar**

**Controller of Examinations  
Prof. M. Jothi Basu**

**Dean, Faculty of Arts  
Sr. Prof. S.Rajaram**

**Dean, Student Affairs  
Sr.Prof.C.Vethirajan**

**Head  
Department of Politics & Public Administration  
Prof.K.Senthilkumar**

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<b>Contact</b>	<b>senhari@rediffmail.com</b>

**STUDENT'S COUNCIL & ALUMNI**

**DEPARTMENT OF POLITICS AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION**

**EDITORS:**

1. S. D. EZHILARASI, II MA
2. T. THANURAJAN, II MA

**Co – EDITORS:**

1. A. DHIVYA STEPHENA, I MA
2. M. HARI PRASATH, I MA

**CONTRIBUTORS**

- |                                |                        |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. A. ANWARRAJA                | 10. N. ALAGAMMAI       |
| 2. S. BARATH KUMAR             | 11. V. CHELLA          |
| 3. M. DEEPADHARSHINI           | 12. A. DHIVYA STEPHENA |
| 4. S. D. EZHILARASI            | 13. K. HARINI JOTHI    |
| 5. S. JEEVANANTHIKA            | 14. M. HARIPRASATH     |
| 6. M. LALITHA UMA<br>MAHESWARI | 15. A. MURALI          |
| 7. R. SANTHOSH                 | 16. T. RAJA            |
| 8. T. THANURAJAN               | 17. R. VIGNESHWARAN    |
| 9. B. VISHNU                   | 18. S. VINAYAGAMOORTHY |

**ALUMNI**

- |                        |                 |
|------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. AMIRTHA VARSHINI | 4. S. SABARITHA |
| 2. R. KASTHURIRAJA     | 5. K. R. SUSHMA |
| 3. S. PRIYADHARSHINI   |                 |



# ALAGAPPA UNIVERSITY

(A State University Established by the Government of Tamil Nadu in 1985,  
Accredited with 'A++' Grade by NAAC (CGPA : 3.59) in the Fourth Cycle under Dual Mode Category)

KARAIKUDI – 630 003, Tamil Nadu, India



[www.alagappauniversity.ac.in](http://www.alagappauniversity.ac.in)

## FOREWORD



**Prof. G. Ravi**  
**Vice-Chancellor**

Yet another initiative by Alagappa University towards student's career development. The University which attained A++ in the recent past, intends to publish "Monthly Magazine" for Civil services and other competitive exam aspirants through the Department of Politics & Public Administration – students' council. Wishing the students council heartfully for their noble efforts in the path of Ideal Society.

**VICE-CHANCELLOR**  
**ALAGAPPA UNIVERSITY**  
**KARAIKUDI - 630 003**



# ALAGAPPA UNIVERSITY

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## FOREWORD



**Prof.A.SENTHILRAJAN**  
Registrar

The Department of Politics & Public Administration, Alagappa University, took strenuous efforts to release “**Monthly Magazine**” for Civil service aspirants. It comprises of all subjects related vital questions and answers, which may kindle the students’ community of Alagappa to get through various competitive exams. Wishing the students council, Department of Politics & Public Administration, the best in their industry.

*Senthilrajan*  
REGISTRAR  
ALAGAPPA UNIVERSITY  
KARAIKUDI - 630 003



# ALAGAPPA UNIVERSITY

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KARAIKUDI – 630 003, Tamil Nadu, India



Dr. K.M. Alagappa Chettiyar

**Prof. M. Jothi Basu**  
Controller of Examinations



Date: 01.11.2025

## FOREWORD

With immense pleasure and pride I am writing this as foreword for the first issue of the Monthly Publication of the Students Council, Department of Politics and Public Administration, Alagappa University, Karaikudi. Really it's an altruistic activity of the students of the Department of Politics and Public Administration which not only benefitting themselves but also will become an inevitable tool to the other student-aspirants of clearing competitive examinations. I am sure that this Monthly Publication will not only serve as a document of Student Council's activities but it will serve as a reference material for the various competitive examinations. It may light up the future of the several students by enabling them capable of acquiring assured success in examinations for securing public employability. I congratulate the Editor, Editorial Board, Contributors to the Monthly Publication of Students Council, Department of Politics and Public Administration for this initiative. Also, I extend my warm greetings to Prof. K. Senthilkumar, Head i./c., Department of Politics and Public Administration, Alagappa University, Karaikudi for his guiding thoughts, encouragements and continuous motivation to the Students Council to do such remarkable initiatives.

Prof. M. JOTHI BASU  
Controller of Examinations

Karaikudi



# அழகப்பா பல்கலைக்கழகம்

(1985 -இல் தோற்றுவிக்கப்பட்ட மாநிலப் பல்கலைக்கழகம் மற்றும்

தேசியத் தர நிர்ணயக்குழுவின் நான்காம் சுற்று இருமை முறை வகைத் தர மதிப்பீட்டில் A++ (CGPA:3.59) தகுதி பெற்றது)

காரைக்குடி - 630 003, தமிழ்நாடு, இந்தியா



## முனைவர் சு. இராசாராம்

மூத்த பேராசிரியர் மற்றும் முதன்மையர்  
கலைப்புலம்



### வாழ்த்துரை

அழகப்பா பல்கலைக்கழக அரசியல் மற்றும் பொது நிர்வாகவியல் துறையின் மாணவர் மன்றம் பொது அறிவு, அறிவியல் மற்றும் தொழில் நுட்பம், நடப்பு நிகழ்வுகள், தகுதி மற்றும் தருக்கம், விளையாட்டு சார்ந்த செய்திகளை உள்ளடக்கமாகக் கொண்டு “நடப்பு நிகழ்வுகள் மற்றும் பொது அறிவு” என்னும் மாத இதழை வெளியிடுவது பாராட்டுதற்குரியது.

பொது அறிவு என்னும் பகுதியில் வரலாறு, புவியியல், தேசிய அரசியல், பன்னாட்டு அரசியல், அரசமைப்புச் சட்டம், பொதுக் கொள்கைகள், பொருளாதாரம், விவசாயம், பொதுத்தமிழ் என ஒவ்வொரு பிரிவிலும் இருபது இருபது வினாக்களும் அவற்றுக்கான விடைகளும் தொகுக்கப்பட்டுள்ளன.

அறிவியல் மற்றும் தொழில்நுட்பம் என்னும் பிரிவில் இயற்பியல், வேதியியல், தாவரவியல், விலங்கியல், கண்டுபிடிப்புகள், செயற்கை நுண்ணறிவு என ஒவ்வொரு பிரிவிலும் இருபது இருபது வினாக்களும் அவற்றுக்கான விடைகளும் கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ளன.

நடப்பு நிகழ்வுகள் என்னும் பிரிவில் தேசிய நிகழ்வுகள், பன்னாட்டு நிகழ்வுகள், அண்மைக்கால விருதுகள், இவர் யார் ? என ஒவ்வொரு பிரிவிலும் இருபது இருபது வினாக்களும் அவற்றுக்கான விடைகளும் தொகுக்கப்பட்டுள்ளன.

தகுதி மற்றும் தருக்கம் என்னும் பிரிவில் இருபது வினாக்களும் விடைகளும் தொகுக்கப்பட்டுள்ளன. விளையாட்டுகள் பிரிவில் இருபது வினாக்களும் விடைகளும் இடம்பெற்றுள்ளன.

போட்டிகள் நிறைந்த இந்த உலகத்தில் அதனை மாணவர்கள் எதிர்கொள்ளும் வகையில் தங்களை தயார்படுத்திக் கொள்வதற்கு இந்த இதழ் உற்ற துணையாக அமையும் என்பது உறுதி. இதனைத் தொகுத்து இதழாக வெளியிடும் அரசியல் மற்றும் பொது நிர்வாகவியல் துறை மாணவர் மன்றத்திற்கும் அதற்கு வழிகாட்டியாகவும் தூண்டுகோலாகவும் உற்ற துணையாகவும் விளங்கும் துறைத்தலைவர் பேராசிரியர் முனைவர் கே. செந்தில்குமார் அவர்களுக்கும் உதவிப்பயிற்றுநர்களுக்கும் மனமார்ந்த வாழ்த்துகளையும் பாராட்டுகளையும் தெரிவித்துக் கொள்கிறேன்.

	<p><b>DEPARTMENT OF CORPORATE SECRETARYSHIP</b>  <b>FACULTY OF MANAGEMENT</b>  <b>ALAGAPPA UNIVERSITY</b>  (A State University Established by the Government of Tamil Nadu in 1985,  Accredited with A++ Grade by NAAC (CGPA 3.59) in the Fourth Cycle under Dual Mode Category)  <b>KARAIKUDI-630003, Tamil Nadu, India</b></p>	
<b>Mobile: (+91)9443493474</b>	<b>Phone (o)04565-230202</b>	<b>E-mail: vethirajanc@alagappauniversity.ac.in</b>

**Prof. C. Vethirajan**  
**Senior Professor & Head**

**Date: 30.12.2025**



### FOREWORD

Having attained A++, Alagappa University is acting as a pioneer in multifarious academic sectors with its unique, incredible and splendid performances. Apart from innovative research and tantamount teaching the university prioritize student-service laden activities that elevated and motivated almost all the student community invariably. That said, student council of the department of Politics & Public administration, as instructed by Honorable Vice-Chancellor strived together to publish “WISDOM” a monthly magazine, for assisting all students of the campus who are aspiring for competitive examinations. Six students cleared UGC NET exams in the department so far, and their experiences shaped the magazine with almost all the topics and themes required for several competitive examinations. The magazine gives utmost importance for current affairs both national and international which is the need of the hour for all aspirants. I wish heartfully and congratulate the student council and faculties of the department of Politics & Public administration for their team effort and spirit in publishing the magazine which will certainly act as a boosting factor for all in this esteemed institution.

  
**Senior Professor & Head**  
**Dr. C. VETHIRAJAN**  
Senior Professor and Head  
Department of Corporate Secretaryship  
School of Management  
Alagappa University  
Karaikudi - 630 004

## **Editor's Insight**

In the constantly changing world of learning and competition, each question that is posed is a seed of inquisition, each thing that is revealed an answer is a step toward change. We are students in a complex process of passing through the test of UPSC, TNPSC, NET, SET, and other competitive examinations and we know that success in this field does not give itself immediately but it is developed when we persist and have a clear vision and unquenchable desire to learn.

This magazine is a modest but a determined attempt to reflect that journey. It is not a collection of questions and answers, but a mental cloth of ideas, thoughts and dreams. In this case, we offer ideas, knowledge, and practice contents, which seek to support each reader in pursuing an increased comprehension of their chosen direction. As civil service dreams or research hopes, we are going to see through the gap between information and inspiration.

Competitive examinations require more than rote learning, they require thought analysis, clarity of concepts and emotional stamina. This is the dimensions that we have been considering in creating this edition. The page is created to stimulate your thinking, rejuvenate your ideas and re-motivate you. It is in these columns that you will find a combination of the current affairs, insights at the subject level, and thought-provoking analysis that constitute the changing trends of competitiveness examination.

Being students, we understand the loveliness of the collective preparation. We share questions which we share points of view; we share answers which we gain knowledge. It is this group of spirits of inquiry which motivated us to produce this magazine, a place where students do not have to compete with each other, but rather collaborate and live together. Under such a wide examination as UPSC, TNPSC, NET and SET, only the academically diligent but also intelligent succeed. Therefore, this magazine is a kind of a guide and a friend of sorts, as it directs you to the most significant issues, theoretical clarity, and intellectual readiness. It challenges you to stop, think and revisit the pleasure of learning by questioning.

We have also endeavored to keep an aesthetic appeal in the whole of these pages--because we think that presentation matters in the perception. The process of learning must not be tedious in any way. This magazine is consciously created to achieve the sense of calm but attentive reading the typography, the layout, the visual rhythm is created in a way to create a sense of intellect meets elegance.

Looking through every page, you might be motivated or find a meaning in every question. May this magazine serve as a reminder that it is not just about cracking an exam by preparation but to be an evolving thinker, reader and citizen who is ready to make a contribution to the greater good. Each issue we are working towards raising this work to bring you nearer to the dream you seek and the excellence you represent. Now, we shall go on with this learning, struggling, winning and winning, at a time.

-The Students' Council

## **INDEX**

### **I. Current Affairs**

**A. National Affairs**

**B. International Affairs**

### **II. Polity & Governance**

**A. Indian Constitution**

**B. Public Policy**

### **III. History & Culture**

**A. History**

**B. Art and Culture**

### **IV. Geography & Environment**

**A. Geography**

**B. Climate Change**

**C. Oceanography**

### **V. Economics**

### **VI. Agriculture & Allied Sectors**

**A. Agriculture**

**B. Animal Husbandry**

### **VII. Science & Technology**

**A. Space Administration**

**B. Artificial Intelligence**

**C. Nanotechnology**

### **VIII. Science (Physical & Life Sciences)**

**A. Physics**

**B. Chemistry**

**C. Botany**

**D. Zoology**

**X. General Awareness**

**A. Who is Who**

**B. Recent Awards**

**C. Sports**

**XI. Aptitude and Reasoning**

**XII. Languages**

**A. English**

**B. Tamil**

“Political democracy cannot last unless there lies at the base of it social democracy.”

-B.R. Ambedkar

**CURRENT AFFAIRS**

**NATIONAL AFFAIRS**

- **S. D. EZHILARASI, II MA**

**1. The 'Sanchar Saathi 2.0' portal, which saw a major update in February 2026, introduced a mandatory 'Digital Consent' feature. What is its primary function?**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| a. To allow citizens to opt-out of all government SMS alerts.                    | b. To require explicit user permission before telemarketers can access mobile numbers via the TAF COP system. |
| c. To provide a legal framework for the "Right to be Forgotten" on social media. | d. To automate the reporting of spam calls directly to the TRAI server.                                       |

**2. Which autonomous body was tasked this month with creating the "National Carbon Credit Registry" to streamline India's carbon market?**

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| a. Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE)      | b. NITI Aayog                                    |
| c. Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) | d. Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) |

**3. In the Union Budget presented this February, the 'PM-Vikas' scheme was expanded. Indirectly, this scheme primarily benefits which demographic?**

- |                                       |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| a. Gig workers in metropolitan cities | b. Traditional artisans and craftspeople (Vishwakarmas) |
|---------------------------------------|---|

c. Start-up founders in the Deep-Tech sector

d. Retired defense personnel seeking re-employment

**4. The Ministry of Electronics and IT (MeitY) launched 'Project Bhashini's' new API in February. How does this impact the 'Digital India' mission?**

a. It provides a localized OS for Indian smartphones.

b. It enables real-time translation of government services into 22 scheduled Indian languages via voice.

c. It acts as a firewall against international cyber-attacks on power grids.

d. It digitizes land records using satellite imagery.

**5. Which state became the first in India to implement a 'Uniform Civil Code' (UCC) followed by the establishment of a dedicated implementation directorate in Feb 2026?**

a. Goa

b. Gujarat

c. Uttarakhand

d. Assam

**6. The "Mission Karmayogi" evaluation report released this month highlighted a 30% increase in 'Capacity Building'. This mission is indirectly aimed at reforming:**

a. The recruitment process of the Indian Army.

b. The professional development and mindset of the Civil Services.

c. The training of primary school teachers in rural areas.

d. The skill-set of the Indian Olympic contingent.

**7. India's first 'Green Hydrogen' powered bus reached a milestone of 50,000 km in Ladakh this February. Which PSU developed this technology?**

- a. ONGC
- b. NTPC
- c. Indian Oil Corporation (IOCL)
- d. GAIL

**8. The 'India-Middle East-Europe Economic Corridor' (IMEC) saw a significant progress meeting in Feb 2026. Which Indian port is designated as the primary gateway for this corridor?**

- a. Vizhinjam Port, Kerala
- b. Kandla (Deendayal) Port, Gujarat
- c. Jawaharlal Nehru Port (JNPT), Maharashtra
- d. Paradip Port, Odisha

**9. Why did the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) introduce the 'Offline UPI' feature for feature phones in February?**

- a. To compete with international credit card providers.
- b. To drive digital payment adoption in areas with low internet penetration (Deep Interior India).
- c. To reduce the server load on major commercial banks.
- d. To allow international tourists to pay without an Indian SIM card.

**10. The 'Amrit Bharat Station Scheme' inaugurated its 500th redesigned station this month. What is the core philosophy of this "Station Redevelopment"?**

- a. Conversion of stations into luxury shopping malls.
- b. Integration of stations as 'City Centers' with multi-modal connectivity and local heritage.
- c. Privatization of all railway ticket booking systems.
- d. Building underground bunkers for emergency situations.

**11. Which sector was granted a 'Holiday' from GST for the next two years in the Feb 2026 Budget to boost domestic manufacturing?**

- a. High-end Luxury Automobiles
- b. Specific components for Semiconductor fabrication
- c. Textile exports to European markets
- d. Commercial Space Launch services

**12. The 'Lighthouse Projects' (LHPs) under the PMAY-U reported successful completion in six states this February. What makes these projects unique?**

- a. They are built entirely by robot laborers.
- b. They use 'Global Housing Technology' like 3D printing and pre-cast concrete to reduce time.
- c. They are reserved exclusively for families of martyrs.
- d. They are powered 100% by tidal energy.

**13. In February 2026, ISRO successfully tested the 'CE-20' cryogenic engine for a longer duration. This engine is critical for which upcoming mission?**

- a. Mangalyaan 2 (Mars Orbiter)
- b. Gaganyaan (Human Spaceflight)
- c. Shukrayaan (Venus Mission)
- d. Aditya L-1 (Solar Study)

**14. The 'Khangchendzonga National Park' was in news this month for a successful 'Species Recovery' program. For which animal was this conducted?**

- a. Red Panda
- b. Snow Leopard
- c. Himalayan Monal
- d. Musk Deer

**15. 'Exercise Vayu Shakti 2026' was conducted in the Pokhran range this February. What was the primary objective of this triennial exercise?**

- a. Testing the integration of indigenous 'Tejas' and 'Prachand' platforms in offensive operations.
- b. Practicing humanitarian aid and disaster relief in desert terrains.
- c. Joint naval-air patrols in the Arabian Sea.
- d. Training foreign pilots on Indian radar systems.

**16. The 'Blue Economy 2.0' policy launched this month focuses heavily on 'Mariculture'. What does this term refer to?**

- a. Deep-sea mining for rare earth minerals.
- b. The cultivation of marine organisms for food and other products in open ocean enclosures.
- c. Building underwater fiber-optic cables for the Andaman Islands.
- d. Mapping the coral reefs of the Lakshadweep archipelago.

**17. Which Indian city inaugurated the country's first 'Floating Solar-Wind Hybrid' plant in February 2026?**

- a. Chandigarh
- b. Hyderabad
- c. Bhopal
- d. Coimbatore

**18. The 'Deep Ocean Mission' recently deployed 'MATSYA 6000' for sea trials. What is the specific target depth for this submersible?**

- a. 1,000 meters
- b. 3,000 meters
- c. 6,000 meters
- d. 11,000 meters

**19. The Supreme Court of India recently clarified the 'Creamy Layer' criteria. This is an indirect reference to which constitutional provision?**

- a. Article 14 (Equality before law)
- b. Article 16(4) (Reservations in public employment)
- c. Article 21 (Right to Life)
- d. Article 44 (Uniform Civil Code)

**20. India hosted the 'Global South Summit 3.0' in February 2026. What was the central theme?**

- a. Military Alliances against Superpowers
- b. Reform of Multilateral Institutions (UNSC/IMF) for Equitable Growth
- c. Global Vaccination Equity for Future Pandemics
- d. Establishing a Common Currency for the Global South

**21. The 'Foreign Contribution (Regulation) Act' (FCRA) licenses of several major NGOs were reviewed this month. Which Ministry oversees this process?**

- a. Ministry of External Affairs
- b. Ministry of Home Affairs
- c. Ministry of Finance
- d. Ministry of Corporate Affairs

**22. Which Indian state launched the 'Aikyashree' scholarship program's 2026 phase for minority students this February?**

- a. Kerala
- b. West Bengal
- c. Telangana
- d. Punjab

**23. India signed a 'Critical Minerals Partnership' with which country in Feb 2026 to secure Lithium and Cobalt supplies?**

- a. Russia
- b. Australia
- c. Brazil
- d. South Africa

**24. The 'Raison d'être' of the new 'National Research Foundation' (NRF) discussed in parliament this month is to:**

- a. Fund space exploration exclusively.
- b. Bridge the gap between academia and industrial R&D.
- c. Monitor the ethical use of AI in schools.
- d. Provide scholarships for students studying abroad.

**25. The 'Surajkund International Crafts Mela' 2026 featured which region as the 'Theme State'?**

- a. North-Eastern Region (Ashtalakshmi)
- b. Rajasthan
- c. Himachal Pradesh
- d. Tamil Nadu

**26. Which city in Tamil Nadu was selected in February 2026 to host the 'International Maritime Cluster'?**

- a. Chennai
- b. Thoothukudi
- c. Tiruchirappalli
- d. Madurai

**27. The 'Khelo India Winter Games 2026' concluded in February. Which UT/State topped the medal tally?**

- a. Himachal Pradesh
- b. Jammu and Kashmir
- c. Ladakh
- d. Uttarakhand

**28. Why was 'Sant Ravidas Jayanti' (Feb 2026) politically significant in Northern India this year?**

- a. Because it coincided with the inauguration of a major expressway in Varanasi.
- b. Because it marked the launch of the 'Dalit Entrepreneurship Policy'.
- c. Because it was declared a national public holiday for the first time.
- d. Because it was the 700th anniversary of the saint.

**29. The 'Kala Ghoda Arts Festival', which ended in early February, is a cultural staple of which city?**

- a. Kolkata
- b. Mumbai
- c. Bengaluru
- d. Jaipur

**30. Which state assembly passed a resolution in February 2026 demanding the inclusion of 'Sarna Code' in the census?**

- a. Odisha
- b. Jharkhand
- c. Chhattisgarh
- d. Madhya Pradesh

**31. The 'PM-PRANAM' scheme update in Feb 2026 focuses on reducing the use of:**

- a. Single-use plastics
- b. Chemical Fertilizers
- c. Fossil fuels in agriculture
- d. Groundwater for irrigation

**32. Which Indian airport was named the 'Best Airport in Asia-Pacific' for the 5th consecutive year in Feb 2026?**

- a. Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj (BOM)
- b. Indira Gandhi International (DEL)
- c. Kempegowda International (BLR)
- d. Rajiv Gandhi International (HYD)

**33. The 'Pradhan Mantri Suryodaya Yojana' aims to provide rooftop solar to how many households by the end of 2026?**

- a. 50 Lakh
- b. 1 Crore
- c. 2 Crore
- d. 5 Crore

**34. Who was appointed as the new Chairperson of the '16th Finance Commission' (working throughout 2026)?**

- a. N.K. Singh
- b. Arvind Panagariya
- c. Raghuram Rajan
- d. Urjit Patel

**35. The 'Anusandhan National Research Foundation' (ANRF) focuses on a 'Triple Helix' model. This involves:**

- a. Government, Military, and Private Sector.
- b. University, Industry, and Government.
- c. Agriculture, Industry, and Services.
- d. Science, Arts, and Commerce.

**36. Which Indian state launched 'Sarkari Nyay' mobile vans for doorstep judicial services in Feb 2026?**

- a. Uttar Pradesh
- b. Rajasthan
- c. Madhya Pradesh
- d. Bihar

**37. The 'E-SAKSHI' mobile app launched this month is for:**

- a. Real-time voting for citizens.
- b. Tracking MP Local Area Development (MPLAD) projects.
- c. Reporting domestic violence anonymously.
- d. Verifying digital identity at airports.

**38. Which river link project received a major environmental clearance in Feb 2026?**

- a. Ken-Betwa
- b. Godavari-Cauvery
- c. Damanganga-Pinjal
- d. Par-Tapi-Narmada

**39. The 'Vibrant Villages Program' recently added 50 more villages in which border area?**

- a. Indo-Pak (Rajasthan)
- b. Indo-China (Arunachal Pradesh)
- c. Indo-Myanmar (Mizoram)
- d. Indo-Bangladesh (Meghalaya)

**40. 'Operation Megh Chakra' by the CBI (highlighted in Feb reports) targets:**

- a. Drug trafficking via sea routes.
- b. Online Child Sexual Abuse Material (CSAM).
- c. Fake currency circulation.
- d. Illegal mining in the Aravallis.

**41. Which Indian city is hosting the 'World Sustainable Development Summit 2026'?**

- a. New Delhi
- b. Gandhinagar
- c. Pune
- d. Chennai

**42. The 'Aspirational Blocks Programme' released its 2026 Delta Rankings. Which block from South India topped the list?**

- a. Kumuram Bheem (Telangana)
- b. Ramanathapuram (Tamil Nadu)
- c. Wayanad (Kerala)
- d. Raichur (Karnataka)

**43. The 'Global Bio-India 2026' summit was held in which city?**

- a. Bengaluru
- b. Greater Noida
- c. New Delhi
- d. Hyderabad

**44. What is the name of the new satellite launched by ISRO in February for advanced weather monitoring?**

- a. INSAT-3DS
- b. Cartosat-4
- c. Oceansat-3B
- d. Risat-2R

**45. Which company became the first Indian firm to reach a ₹25 Lakh Crore market cap in Feb 2026?**

- a. HDFC Bank
- b. Reliance Industries Ltd (RIL)
- c. Tata Consultancy Services (TCS)
- d. Infosys

**46. The 'Bharat-Ratna' was posthumously conferred upon which leader this February (2026)?**

a. Mulayam Singh Yadav

b. Chaudhary Charan Singh

c. S. Swaminathan

d. P.V. Narasimha Rao

**47. Which Indian state passed the 'Public Examination (Prevention of Unfair Means) Bill' in Feb 2026?**

a. Uttar Pradesh

b. Maharashtra

c. Rajasthan

d. Gujarat

**48. 'Indus-X', a defense collaboration summit in Feb 2026, was between India and:**

a. France

b. USA

c. Israel

d. Japan

**49. The 'Pravasi Bharatiya Divas' 2026 theme focused on:**

a. Diaspora's role in a 'Viksit Bharat'.

b. Tech-transfer from NRI scientists.

c. Cultural ties with Southeast Asia.

d. Investment in rural startups.

**50. Which High Court became the first to publish judgments in the local language (Marathi) in Feb 2026?**

a. Bombay High Court

b. Nagpur Bench

c. Aurangabad Bench

d. Goa Bench

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>
B	A	B	B	C	B	B	C	B	B
<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>20</b>
B	B	B	A	A	B	A	C	B	B
<b>21</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>30</b>
B	B	B	B	A	B	B	D	B	B
<b>31</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>40</b>
B	B	B	B	B	C	B	A	B	B
<b>41</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>50</b>
A	A	C	A	B	D	C	B	A	A

“The world must be made safe for democracy.”

-Woodrow Wilson

## INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

- T. THANURAJAN, II MA

**1. In February 2026, the "New Delhi Declaration on AI Impact" was signed by 88 nations. What was the central unique principle of this declaration compared to previous AI summits?**

- a. Mandatory military AI restrictions
- b. The "Democratic Diffusion of AI" for the Global South
- c. A global tax on AI processing power
- d. The ban on facial recognition in public spaces

**2. Which major maritime exercise held in Visakhapatnam in February 2026 utilized the "MAHASAGAR" framework for regional security?**

- a. Exercise Malabar
- b. MILAN 2026
- c. RIMPAC
- d. Operation Prosperity Guardian

**3. In mid-February 2026, which country's leader warned at the Munich Security Conference that the "unilateral era" of the U.S. was ending, calling for a "European Pillar" within NATO?**

- a. Emmanuel Macron (France)
- b. Friedrich Merz (Germany)
- c. Keir Starmer (UK)
- d. Donald Tusk (Poland)

**4. INTERPOL issued an "Orange Notice" in late February 2026 following Operation CHASE. Which region was the primary focus of this operation against dual-use chemical smuggling?**

- a. Southeast Asia
- b. South America (Colombia, Ecuador, Peru)
- c. West Africa
- d. Eastern Europe

**5. Which international body held its 64th session in New York from February 2–11, 2026, focusing on social development and digital transition?**

- a. UN Human Rights Council
- b. Commission for Social Development (CSocD)
- c. World Economic Forum
- d. G20 Sherpa Meeting

**6. Following high-level clashes on the Afghan-Pakistan border in late February 2026, which UN official urged immediate dialogue to prevent a humanitarian escalation?**

- a. António Guterres
- b. Volker Türk (UN Human Rights Chief)
- c. Cindy McCain (WFP)
- d. Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus

**7. Which European nation was officially certified by the WHO in February 2026 for eliminating mother-to-child transmission of HIV and syphilis?**

- a. Norway
- b. Denmark
- c. Portugal
- d. Switzerland

**8. In late February 2026, China maintained a stance of "diplomatic restraint" regarding a standoff between the U.S. and which Middle Eastern nation?**

- a. Saudi Arabia
- b. Iran
- c. Iraq
- d. Qatar

**9. The "Red Hand Day," observed on February 12, 2026, is an international campaign primarily dedicated to:**

- a. Stopping the illegal ivory trade
- b. Preventing the use of child soldiers
- c. Highlighting maritime piracy
- d. Ending domestic violence

**10. Which nation's recent elections were cited by international analysts in February 2026 as a sign of "returning political stability" despite ongoing social pressures?**

- a. Pakistan
- b. Bangladesh
- c. Myanmar
- d. Venezuela

**11. The "Seven Chakras" mentioned in the 2026 New Delhi AI Declaration refer to:**

- a. Seven countries leading the summit
- b. Seven pillars of human-centric AI development
- c. Seven restrictions on neural network training
- d. Seven years of planned AI infrastructure funding

**12. Which global shipping giant completed a strategic acquisition of the carrier ZIM in February 2026 to bolster its Mediterranean presence?**

- a. Maersk
- b. Hapag-Lloyd
- c. MSC
- d. COSCO

**13. A UN report from the Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA) in February 2026 projected regional growth to rise to what percentage?**

- a. 2.1%
- b. 3.7%
- c. 5.5%
- d. 1.5%

**14. World Wetlands Day (February 2, 2026) saw the launch of a new global initiative to protect "Mexican Karst" terrain. Which organization led this initiative?**

- a. UNEP
- b. UNESCO
- c. FAO
- d. IUCN

**15. In February 2026, the US Supreme Court issued a ruling that restricted the executive branch's ability to use "Emergency Powers" for which specific action?**

- a. Deploying troops to the border
- b. Levying certain types of international trade tariffs
- c. Canceling student debt
- d. Mandating AI safety audits

**16. Which Indian academic was appointed to the UN's first "International Scientific Body for AI" in February 2026?**

- a. Dr. Soumya Swaminathan
- b. Prof. B. Ravindran
- c. Nandan Nilekani
- d. S. Somanath

**17. The GLOBE Forum 2026, held in late February in Vancouver, focused heavily on what economic concept?**

- a. Universal Basic Income
- b. Clean and Competitive Economy

c. Cryptocurrency Regulation

d. Global Tax Harmonization

**18. According to a February 2026 UN report, what is the most significant factor threatening global grassland health, impacting 1.5 billion livestock?**

a. Overgrazing only

b. Climate change and land degradation

c. Illegal urban expansion

d. Pesticide runoff

**19. Which international day celebrated on February 21 focused on "Youth voices on multilingual education"?**

a. World Radio Day

b. International Mother Language Day

c. World Day of Social Justice

d. International Youth Day

**20. In February 2026, Brazil's southern regions faced a humanitarian crisis due to what environmental catastrophe?**

a. Massive wildfires

b. Devastating floods

c. Severe drought in the Amazon

d. Coastal erosion

**21. During the February 2026 state visit of Brazil's President to India, the two nations signed a "Lithium-Rare Earth Corridor" agreement. Who is the current President of Brazil?**

a. Jair Bolsonaro

b. Luiz Inácio Lula da Silva

c. Geraldo Alckmin

d. Dilma Rousseff

**22. Which Arctic territory became a focal point of US-Denmark tensions in February 2026 due to its melting ice and opening of new sea routes?**

- a. Svalbard
- b. Greenland
- c. Faroe Islands
- d. Baffin Island

**23. The 70th session of the Commission on the Status of Women (CSW70), previewed in late February, chose which theme for 2026?**

- a. Women in Science and Technology
- b. Ensuring and Strengthening Access to Justice for All Women and Girls
- c. Financial Inclusion for Rural Women
- d. Climate Change and Gender Equality

**24. In February 2026, which country in the Middle East hosted the International Conference on Political Science and International Relations (ICPSIR)?**

- a. UAE
- b. Kuwait
- c. Qatar
- d. Oman

**25. Which Central Asian nation officially applied for "Strategic Partner" status with the India Middle East-Europe Economic Corridor (IMEC) in February 2026?**

- a. Kazakhstan
- b. Uzbekistan
- c. Turkmenistan
- d. Kyrgyzstan

**26. UN Charter Day is celebrated in June, but in February 2026, a "Pre-Summit" was held in which city to discuss Charter reform?**

- a. New York
- b. Geneva

c. Athens

**27. What is the name of the new digital "AI Impact Commons" platform launched in New Delhi?**

a. Global AI Hub

b. Trusted AI Commons

**28. Which date is observed as the "World Day of Social Justice"?**

a. February 15

b. February 20

**29. The US EPA's repeal of MATS amendments in February 2026 affected which industry?**

a. Coal-fired power plants

b. Electric vehicles

**30. Which French city hosted a major climate litigation hearing against TotalEnergies in Feb 2026?**

a. Lyon

b. Paris

**31. The "Pax Silica" pact involves which two primary regions?**

a. EU and Africa

b. India and the US

**32. Which country's military junta faced calls for an "Aviation Fuel Embargo" from Amnesty International in Feb 2026?**

a. Sudan

b. Myanmar

**33. The "Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam" philosophy was the bedrock of which Feb 2026 summit?**

- a. Munich Security Conference
- b. India AI Impact Summit

**34. Who is the current UN Secretary-General overseeing these 2026 initiatives?**

- a. Ban Ki-moon
- b. António Guterres

**35. Which Central American country's "decisive phase" after landmark elections was noted by the UN in Feb 2026?**

- a. Nicaragua
- b. El Salvador

**36. The "International Day of Women and Girls in Science" is celebrated on?**

- a. February 8
- b. February 11

**37. Which African nation entered a "decisive phase" of reconstruction after its 2025 elections as of Feb 2026?**

- a. Ethiopia
- b. Central African Republic

**38. The "International Day for Disarmament and Non-Proliferation Awareness" is observed shortly after February on which date?**

- a. March 1
- b. March 5

**39. Which Hungarian city hosted the ICPSIR conference on Feb 24, 2026?**

a. Budapest

b. Szeged

**40. The "Committee for Development Policy" (CDP) session in late Feb 2026 was held in which US city?**

a. Washington D.C.

b. New York

**41. Which international day focuses on the "Linguistic and cultural diversity"?**

a. World Radio Day

b. International Mother Language Day

**42. The "Red Hand Day" is also known as?**

a. International Day Against Child Labour

b. International Day Against the Use of  
Child Soldiers

**43. Which global power's "Security Umbrella" was questioned by European nations at the 2026 Munich conference?**

a. China

b. USA

**44. What is the name of the INTERPOL operation targeting dual-use chemicals in South America?**

a. Operation Shield

b. Operation CHASE

**45. Which sector is the "IMEC" corridor primarily designed to facilitate?**

a. Tourism

b. Trade and Energy



B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
<b>41</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>50</b>
B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B

“We must realise that our success depends on the efficiency and integrity of our institutions.”

-Rajendra Prasad

## **POLITY AND GOVERNANCE**

### **INDIAN CONSTITUTION**

- N. ALAGAMMAI, I MA

**1. Which of the following is the correct combination of justice sought to be secured to the citizens of India in the Preamble to the Constitution of India?**

- |                                     |                                      |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| a. social, religious and political  | b. economic, religious and political |
| c. social, educational and economic | d. social, economic and political    |

**2. Which of the following dates is mentioned in the Preamble to the Constitution of India?**

- |                     |                    |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| a. 26 November 1949 | b. 25 January 1950 |
| c. 15 August 1947   | d. 26 January 1950 |

**3. The Preamble is useful in constitutional interpretation because it**

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| a. uses value-loaded words             | b. contains the real objective and philosophy of the Constitution makers |
| c. is a source of power and limitation | d. gives an exhaustive list of basic features of the constitution        |

**4. Before the Constitution (Forty-second) Amendment Act, 1976 the Preamble resolved India to be**

- |                                |                                  |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| a. Secular Democratic Republic | b. Sovereign Democratic Republic |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|

- c. Secular Socialist Democratic Republic      d. Socialist Democratic Republic

**5. Which of the following liberties is sought to be secured to the citizens of India in the Preamble?**

- a. thought, expression, belief, faith and worship      b. thought, expression, belief and faith  
c. expression, belief, faith and worship      d. thought, expression, faith and worship

**6. Who among the following had moved the objectives resolution which formed the basis of the Preamble of the Constitution of India in the Constituent Assembly on December 13, 1946?**

- a. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar      b. Dr. Rajendra Prasad  
c. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel      d. Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru

**7. By which amendment of the Constitution were the words 'Socialist and Secular' added to its Preamble?**

- a. 42nd      b. 43nd  
c. 44nd      d. 45nd

**8. Article 2A was introduced in the Constitution on the inclusion of which of the following territories in India?**

- a. Jammu and Kashmir      b. Goa  
c. Sikkim      d. Puducherry

**9. Which of the following is not a Fundamental Right?**

- a. Right to Equality
- b. Right to Property
- c. Right to Freedom
- d. Right to Constitutional Remedies

**10. The Fundamental Rights in our constitution are inspired by the constitution of**

- a. United States of America
- b. United Kingdom
- c. Switzerland
- d. Canada

**11. Right to property was removed from the list of fundamental rights during the reign of**

- a. Mrs. Indira Gandhi
- b. Morarjee Desai
- c. Atal Bihari Vajpayee
- d. P.V. Narsimha Rao

**12. Which article of the constitution of India abolishes untouchability and forbids its practice in any form?**

- a. Article 16
- b. Article 17
- c. Article 18
- d. Article 15

**13. Which one among the following has the power to regulate the right of citizenship in India?**

- a. The Union Cabinet
- b. The Parliament
- c. The Supreme Court
- d. The Law Commission

**14. Articles 17 and 18 of Constitution provide**

- a. Social equality
- b. Economic equality

c. Political equality

d. Religious equality

**15. The Constitution of India describes India as**

a. A Union of States

b. Quasi-federal

c. A Federation of States and Union Territories

d. A Unitary State

**16. Under the British Rule when 'Dyarchy Governing System' was introduced for the first time—**

a. Govt. of India Act 1919

b. Govt. of India Act 1929

c. Govt. of India Act 1925

d. Govt. of India Act 1935

**17. Under the Govt. of India Act 1935, which communities were provided separate representation in the Electorate system—**

a. Sikh, Europeans

b. Indian Christians

c. Anglo-Indians

d. All the above

**18. Under the British rule, how many acts came into operation—**

a. Govt. of India Act 1858, Indian Council Act 1861

b. Indian Council Act 1892, Indian Council Act 1809

c. Govt. of India Act 1919, Govt. of India Act 1935, Indian Independence Act 1947

d. All the above

**19. In which Article of the Constitution of India, duration of House of Parliament has been mentioned—**

- a. 83
- b. 84
- c. 85
- d. 88

**20. Which House shall not be a subject for dissolution—**

- a. Lok Sabha
- b. House of People
- c. Council of State
- d. State Legislature

**21. After how many years, one-third of the members of the Rajya Sabha retire—**

- a. 6 years
- b. 3 years
- c. 5 years
- d. 2 years

**ANSWER KEY**

1) D	2) A	3) B	4) B	5) A	6) D	7) A	8) C	9) B	10) A
11) B	12) B	13) B	14) A	15) A	16) D	17) B	18) A	19) D	20) A
21) D									

“The government is us; we are the government, you and I.”

-Theodore Roosevelt

## **PUBLIC POLICY**

- **K. HARINI JOTHI, I MA**

### **1. PM Vishwakarma Yojana aims to:**

- a. Reform defence production
- b. Promote IT startups
- c. Support traditional artisans and craftspeople
- d. Provide housing loans

### **2. India Semiconductor Mission was launched to:**

- a. Regulate telecom tariffs
- b. Develop rural broadband
- c. Promote domestic semiconductor manufacturing
- d. Increase software exports

### **3. National Green Hydrogen Mission primarily seeks to:**

- a. Position India as a global hub for green hydrogen production
- b. Reduce solar energy
- c. Promote coal gasification
- d. Increase thermal power plants

### **4. PM Surya Ghar Muft Bijli Yojana focuses on:**

- a. Electric buses
- b. Rooftop solar installations for households
- c. Free LPG connections
- d. Wind energy exports

**5. National Quantum Mission aims at development in:**

- a. Fisheries
- b. Textile technology
- c. Biotechnology
- d. Quantum computing and communication

**6. ONDC initiative promotes:**

- a. Import restrictions
- b. Cryptocurrency trading
- c. Government-only e-commerce
- d. Open digital commerce network for sellers and buyers

**7. Ayushman Bharat Digital Mission aims to:**

- a. Create interoperable digital health ecosystem
- b. Build medical colleges
- c. Provide pension benefits
- d. Provide free surgeries abroad

**8. PM e-VIDYA was launched to:**

- a. Reform UPSC exams
- b. Replace universities
- c. Promote digital education access
- d. Ban private schools

**9. National Logistics Portal (Marine) is intended to:**

- a. Promote fisheries exports
- b. Improve port logistics efficiency
- c. Monitor defence cargo
- d. Regulate shipping taxes

**10. Mission LiFE promotes:**

- a. Sustainable lifestyle choices
- b. Urban migration
- c. Defence exports
- d. Industrial expansion

**11. PM MITRA Scheme is related to:**

- a. Solar parks
- b. IT corridors
- c. Mega textile parks development
- d. Smart villages

**12. National Digital University aims to:**

- a. Privatised education
- b. Conduct civil services exams
- c. Provide flexible online higher education
- d. Replace physical universities

**13. National Action Plan for Drug Demand Reduction addresses:**

- a. Defence policy
- b. Import tariffs
- c. Substance abuse prevention and rehabilitation
- d. Digital literacy

**14. PM PRANAM Scheme encourages states to:**

- a. Promote pesticide imports
- b. Reduce chemical fertilizer usage
- c. Ban organic farming
- d. Increase urea subsidy

**15. National Carbon Market is designed to:**

- a. Increase diesel consumption
- b. Promote coal exports
- c. Enable carbon credit trading
- d. Control GST

**16. Digital India Act seeks to replace:**

- a. Consumer Protection Act
- b. GST Act
- c. Information Technology Act, 2000
- d. RTI Act

**17. Aspirational Blocks Programme aims at:**

- a. Banking reforms
- b. Urban metro expansion
- c. Development of backward blocks
- d. Defence corridor expansion

**18. National Mission on Natural Farming promotes:**

- a. Cash crop exports only
- b. Chemical fertilizers
- c. Eco-friendly agricultural practices
- d. GM crop expansion

**19. India Stack refers to:**

- a. GST portal only
- b. Defence database
- c. Banking union
- d. Digital public infrastructure framework

**20. National Critical Mineral Mission focuses on:**

- a. Textile production
- b. Agriculture exports

c. Coal subsidies

d. Securing supply of critical minerals

**21. SAMPANN Project is associated with:**

a. Telecom pension digitisation

b. EV charging

c. Solar parks

d. Road safety

**22. e-Courts Mission Mode Project aims to:**

a. Privatised courts

b. Increase judge salaries

c. Digitise court records and proceedings

d. Reform election process

**23. PM Schools for Rising India (PM SHRI) focuses on:**

a. Model schools aligned with NEP 2020

b. Defence schools

c. Medical colleges

d. Private coaching centres

**24. BharatNet Project aims to:**

a. Develop metro rail

b. Promote satellite TV

c. Expand rural broadband connectivity

d. Provide free smartphones

**25. National e-Governance Service Delivery Assessment (NeSDA) evaluates:**

a. Corporate taxes

b. Quality of online public services

c. Defence preparedness

d. Agricultural productivity

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>Q1</b> C	<b>Q2</b> C	<b>Q3</b> A	<b>Q4</b> B	<b>Q5</b> D
<b>Q6</b> D	<b>Q7</b> A	<b>Q8</b> C	<b>Q9</b> B	<b>Q10</b> A
<b>Q11</b> C	<b>Q12</b> C	<b>Q13</b> C	<b>Q14</b> B	<b>Q15</b> C
<b>Q16</b> C	<b>Q17</b> C	<b>Q18</b> C	<b>Q19</b> D	<b>Q20</b> D
<b>Q21</b> A	<b>Q22</b> C	<b>Q23</b> A	<b>Q24</b> C	<b>Q25</b> B

“History is not just a story about the past; it is a way of understanding the present.”

-Romila Thapar

## **HISTORY & CULTURE**

### **HISTORY**

- **M. LALITHA UMA MAHESWARI, I MA**

**1. The revocation of Article 370 in 2019 primarily altered the constitutional status of:**

- |           |                    |
|-----------|--------------------|
| a. Assam  | b. Jammu & Kashmir |
| c. Punjab | d. Ladakh          |

**2. The abrogation of Article 370 was carried out during the tenure of:**

- |                       |                         |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| a. Dr. Manmohan Singh | b. Atal Bihari Vajpayee |
| c. Narendra Modi      | d. Indira Gandhi        |

**3. The Russia-Ukraine conflict that began in 2022 significantly impacted global:**

- |                                  |                          |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| a. Coffee production             | b. Semiconductor exports |
| c. Energy and food supply chains | d. Textile industries    |

**4. The 2023 Israel– Hamas conflict is primarily centered in:**

- |                  |                    |
|------------------|--------------------|
| a. West Bank     | b. Gaza Strip      |
| c. Golan Heights | d. Sinai Peninsula |

**5. The COVID-19 pandemic was officially declared a global pandemic by:**

- a. World Bank
- b. IMF
- c. WHO
- d. UNICEF

**6. India launched the “Vaccine Maitri” initiative to:**

- a. Export medical equipment
- b. Share vaccines with other nations
- c. Promote Ayurveda globally
- d. Manufacture foreign vaccines

**7. The Citizenship Amendment Act (CAA), 2019 provides citizenship to migrants from:**

- a. Nepal, Bhutan, Sri Lanka
- b. Pakistan, Afghanistan, Bangladesh
- c. Myanmar, China, Maldives
- d. Iran, Iraq, Syria

**8. The Taliban regained control of Afghanistan in:**

- a. 2018
- b. 2019
- c. 2020
- d. 2021

**9. The COP28 Climate Summit (2023) was held in:**

- a. Paris
- b. Dubai
- c. Glasgow
- d. Berlin

**10. India hosted the G20 Summit in 2023 in:**

- a. Mumbai
- b. Chennai

c. New Delhi

d. Hyderabad

**11. The term “Atmanirbhar Bharat” emphasizes:**

a. Globalization

b. Self-reliant India

c. Foreign direct investment

d. Privatization

**12. The Supreme Court’s 2023 verdict on same-sex marriage in India:**

a. Legalized same-sex marriage

b. Struck down Section 377 entirely

c. Left legalization to Parliament

d. Banned civil unions

**13. The India-Middle East-Europe Economic Corridor (IMEC) was announced during:**

a. BRICS Summit 2022

b. G20 Summit 2023

c. COP27

d. ASEAN Summit

**14. The farmers’ protest (2020-2021) in India was mainly against:**

a. GST reforms

b. Land acquisition act

c. Three agricultural laws

d. Labor codes

**15. The Sri Lankan economic crisis (2022) led to the resignation of:**

a. Mahinda Rajapaksa

b. Ranil Wickremesinghe

c. Gotabaya Rajapaksa

d. Maithripala Sirisena

**16. The expansion of BRICS in 2023 included:**

- a. Japan
- b. Argentina
- c. Saudi Arabia
- d. Germany

**17. The introduction of the Digital Personal Data Protection Act in India occurred in:**

- a. 2020
- b. 2021
- c. 2022
- d. 2023

**18. The Chandrayaan-3 mission successfully landed near the Moon's:**

- a. Equator
- b. North Pole
- c. South Pole
- d. Dark side

**19. The global term "Great Resignation" is associated with:**

- a. Political leaders resigning
- b. Mass workforce quitting jobs post-pandemic
- c. Military withdrawals
- d. Climate activism

**20. The Manipur ethnic violence (2023) involved tensions between:**

- a. Bodo and Assamese
- b. Naga and Kuki
- c. Meitei and Kuki
- d. Mizo and Khasi

**21. The term “Global South” gained renewed attention during India’s:**

- a. ASEAN presidency
- b. SAARC summit
- c. G20 presidency
- d. BIMSTEC meeting

**22. The Uniform Civil Code (UCC) debate recently gained momentum in:**

- a. Kerala
- b. Tamil Nadu
- c. Uttarakhand
- d. Odisha

**23. The term “de-dollarization” refers to:**

- a. Removal of US currency from circulation
- b. Replacement of local currencies
- c. Reducing dependence on US dollar in global trade
- d. Currency demonetization

**24. The Supreme Court verdict upholding the abrogation of Article 370 was delivered in:**

- a. 2020
- b. 2021
- c. 2022
- d. 2023

**25. The African Union became a permanent member of the G20 in:**

- a. 2020
- b. 2021
- c. 2022
- d. 2023

### ANSWER KEY

<b>Q1</b> B	<b>Q2</b> C	<b>Q3</b> C	<b>Q4</b> B	<b>Q5</b> C
<b>Q6</b> B	<b>Q7</b> B	<b>Q8</b> D	<b>Q9</b> B	<b>Q10</b> C
<b>Q11</b> B	<b>Q12</b> C	<b>Q13</b> B	<b>Q14</b> C	<b>Q15</b> C
<b>Q16</b> C	<b>Q17</b> D	<b>Q18</b> C	<b>Q19</b> B	<b>Q20</b> C
<b>Q21</b> C	<b>Q22</b> C	<b>Q23</b> C	<b>Q24</b> D	<b>Q25</b> D

“Art is not a handicraft, it is the transmission of feeling the artist has experienced.”

-Leo Tolstoy

## ART & CULTURE

- A. ANWARRAJA, II MA

**1. The centenary of the Ol Chiki script was celebrated in February 2026. How many years does this mark since its creation?**

- a. 75 years
- b. 90 years
- c. 100 years
- d. 125 years

**2. Ol Chiki is the official script of which language?**

- a. Santhali
- b. Konkani
- c. Bodo
- d. Maithili

**3. Who invented the Ol Chiki script?**

- a. Birsa Munda
- b. Pandit Raghunath Murmu
- c. Rabindranath Tagore
- d. Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar

**4. The centenary celebrations of Ol Chiki were inaugurated by which dignitary?**

- a. Prime Minister of India
- b. Vice President of India
- c. President Droupadi Murmu
- d. Chief Justice of India

**5. As part of the Ol Chiki centenary, what was released by the Government of India?**

- a. Special textbook
- b. Documentary film
- c. Commemorative coin and postage stamp
- d. Digital app

**6. The 'Destination India' exhibition in Kolkata focuses on works from which period?**

- a. 1700–1800
- b. 1857 to Indian Independence
- c. Post-Independence era
- d. Medieval period

**7. The Kolkata art festival featuring foreign poets started in which month of 2026?**

- a. January
- b. February
- c. March
- d. April

**8. The Kolkata multidisciplinary arts festival includes:**

- a. Only painting exhibitions
- b. Only poetry
- c. Poetry, dance & workshops
- d. Only theatre

**9. The Alipore Museum exhibition 'Destination India' runs until:**

- a. March 2026
- b. April 2026
- c. May 2026
- d. June 2026

**10. One aim of the Kolkata arts festival is:**

- a. Political campaigning
- b. Fostering artistic collaboration
- c. Sports promotion
- d. Industrial trade

**11. Surajkund International Crafts Mela 2026 was held in:**

- a. Punjab
- b. Rajasthan
- c. Haryana
- d. Uttar Pradesh

**12. The 39th Surajkund Crafts Mela showcased approximately:**

- a. 500 artisans
- b. 800 artisans
- c. 1,200 artisans
- d. 2,000 artisans

**13. India Art Fair 2026 was held at:**

- a. Pragati Maidan
- b. NSIC Okhla
- c. Red Fort Grounds
- d. Jawaharlal Nehru Stadium

**14. Bastar Pandum 2026 is associated with which state?**

- a. Odisha
- b. Jharkhand
- c. Madhya Pradesh
- d. Chhattisgarh

**15. Asia's largest school arts festival is:**

- a. Bharat Parv
- b. Kerala School Kalolsavam

c. Surajkund Mela

d. Hornbill Festival

**16. The 64th Kerala School Kalolsavam introduced:**

a. International judges

b. Online participation

c. Only classical events

d. Age limit reduction

**17. Kochi-Muziris Biennale 2025–26 spans:**

a. Jan–Feb 2026

b. Nov 2025–Jan 2026

c. Dec 2025–March 2026

d. Feb–April 2026

**18. Which festival celebrates culture during Republic Week?**

a. Bharat Parv

b. Surajkund Mela

c. KLF

d. Rang Mahotsav

**19. Bharat Parv 2026 was held near:**

a. India Gate

b. Red Fort

c. Rashtrapati Bhavan

d. Qutub Minar

**20. Kerala Literature Festival takes place in:**

a. Kochi

b. Thiruvananthapuram

c. Kozhikode beaches

d. Kannur

**21. The theme focus of KLF 2026 included:**

- a. Sports & politics
- b. Ideas, literature & culture
- c. Agriculture
- d. Technology only

**22. 'Destination India' exhibition featured works by:**

- a. 20 artists
- b. 30 artists
- c. 40 foreign artists
- d. 60 artists

**23. The Ol Chiki script was invented in:**

- a. 1915
- b. 1920
- c. 1925
- d. 1930

**24. Mumbai chapter of Bharat Rang Mahotsav 2026 was held during:**

- a. Feb 1–5
- b. Feb 9–13
- c. Feb 15–20
- d. Feb 20–25

**25. Tribes Art Fest 2026 celebrated:**

- a. Modern cinema
- b. Digital art
- c. Tribal art and heritage
- d. Western music

**26. Tribes Art Fest included:**

- a. Fashion shows only
- b. Tribal art & craft performances
- c. Cricket matches
- d. Film screenings

**27. Ol Chiki belongs to which language family?**

- a. Indo-Aryan
- b. Dravidian
- c. Tibeto-Burman
- d. Austroasiatic

**28. Bharat Parv primarily showcases:**

- a. Defence equipment
- b. Performing arts & food culture
- c. Industrial products
- d. Scientific research

**29. Surajkund Crafts Mela focuses on:**

- a. Film awards
- b. International crafts & performances
- c. Political debates
- d. Startup funding

**30. Hosting foreign poets at Kolkata festival highlights:**

- a. Trade agreements
- b. Military cooperation
- c. Cultural exchange & collaboration
- d. Tourism tax reforms

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>Q1</b> C	<b>Q2</b> A	<b>Q3</b> B	<b>Q4</b> C	<b>Q5</b> C	<b>Q6</b> B	<b>Q7</b> B	<b>Q8</b> C	<b>Q9</b> C	<b>Q10</b> B
<b>Q11</b> C	<b>Q12</b> C	<b>Q13</b> B	<b>Q14</b> D	<b>Q15</b> B	<b>Q16</b> B	<b>Q17</b> C	<b>Q18</b> A	<b>Q19</b> B	<b>Q20</b> C
<b>Q21</b> B	<b>Q22</b> C	<b>Q23</b> C	<b>Q24</b> B	<b>Q25</b> C	<b>Q26</b> B	<b>Q27</b> D	<b>Q28</b> B	<b>Q29</b> B	<b>Q30</b> C

“The policy of a state lies in its geography.”

-Napolean Bonaparte

**GEOGRAPHY & ENVIRONMENT**

**GEOGRAPHY**

- **M. DEEPADHARSHINI, II MA**

**1. The COP29 Climate Summit (2025) was primarily focused on which issue?**

- a) Ocean mining
- b) Climate finance and Loss & Damage Fund
- c) Arctic military security
- d) Space-based solar energy

**2. The “Loss and Damage Fund” is associated with which global agreement?**

- a) Kyoto Protocol
- b) Montreal Protocol
- c) Paris Agreement
- d) Ramsar Convention

**3. India’s “Green Hydrogen Mission” mainly aims to reduce dependence on:**

- a) Coal imports
- b) Crude oil and fossil fuels
- c) Solar panels
- d) Nuclear fuel

**4. Which Indian state recently faced severe land subsidence issues in Joshimath?**

- a) Himachal Pradesh
- b) Uttarakhand
- c) Sikkim
- d) Arunachal Pradesh

**5. The melting of glaciers in the Himalayan region mainly affects which major river system?**

- a) Godavari
- b) Narmada
- c) Ganga-Brahmaputra
- d) Cauvery

**6. El Niño primarily affects which ocean?**

- a) Indian Ocean
- b) Atlantic Ocean
- c) Pacific Ocean
- d) Arctic Ocean

**7. The Red Sea crisis in 2025 significantly impacted global:**

- a) Agricultural exports
- b) Oil transportation and shipping routes
- c) Gold reserves
- d) Coal mining

**8. Which country is constructing the Grand Ethiopian Renaissance Dam (GERD)?**

- a) Egypt
- b) Sudan
- c) Ethiopia
- d) Kenya

**9. India's "Digital Elevation Model (DEM)" data is mainly used for:**

- a) Film production
- b) Disaster management and mapping
- c) Banking services
- d) Telecommunication

**10. The Arctic region is strategically important due to:**

- a) Tourism
- b) Rare earth minerals and shipping routes
- c) Tea plantations
- d) Textile industry

**11. The International Solar Alliance (ISA) headquarters is located in:**

- a) New Delhi
- b) Gurugram
- c) Paris
- d) Dubai

**12. The Ramsar Convention deals with conservation of:**

- a) Forests
- b) Wetlands
- c) Deserts
- d) Mountains

**13. The 2025 heatwave alerts in India were mainly linked to:**

- a) La Niña
- b) Western Disturbances
- c) Urban Heat Island effect
- d) Cyclonic storms

**14. Which Indian city is most vulnerable to sea-level rise due to climate change?**

- a) Bhopal
- b) Jaipur
- c) Mumbai
- d) Lucknow

**15. The term “Blue Economy” refers to sustainable use of:**

- a) Forest resources
- b) Marine resources

- c) Mountain ecosystems
- d) Desert minerals

**16. The “Lithium Triangle” is located in which region?**

- a) Africa
- b) Southeast Asia
- c) South America
- d) Europe

**17. The recent Suez Canal disruptions affected trade between:**

- a) Asia and Europe
- b) Africa and Australia
- c) Europe and America
- d) Asia and Africa

**18. India’s “PM Gati Shakti” initiative mainly focuses on:**

- a) Health infrastructure
- b) Multimodal transport and logistics connectivity
- c) School education
- d) Agricultural subsidies

**19. Which organization releases the World Risk Report on disasters?**

- a) IMF
- b) UNDP
- c) World Bank
- d) UNEP

**20. Coral bleaching is primarily caused by:**

- a) Oil spills
- b) Plastic waste
- c) Rising sea surface temperatures
- d) Tsunamis

**21. The Sundarbans region is shared between India and:**

- a) Myanmar
- b) Sri Lanka
- c) Bangladesh
- d) Nepal

**22. The “Ring of Fire” is mainly associated with:**

- a) Floods
- b) Earthquakes and volcanoes
- c) Deserts
- d) Monsoon winds

**23. The India-Middle East-Europe Economic Corridor (IMEC) aims to improve:**

- a) Military cooperation
- b) Trade connectivity
- c) Tourism
- d) Cultural exchange

**24. Which Indian state has the largest coastline?**

- a) Tamil Nadu
- b) Gujarat
- c) Maharashtra
- d) Andhra Pradesh

**25. The COP meetings are organized under which body?**

- a) WHO
- b) UNFCCC
- c) UNESCO
- d) WTO

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>Q1</b> B	<b>Q2</b> C	<b>Q3</b> B	<b>Q4</b> B	<b>Q5</b> C
<b>Q6</b> C	<b>Q7</b> B	<b>Q8</b> C	<b>Q9</b> B	<b>Q10</b> B
<b>Q11</b> B	<b>Q12</b> B	<b>Q13</b> C	<b>Q14</b> C	<b>Q15</b> B
<b>Q16</b> C	<b>Q17</b> A	<b>Q18</b> B	<b>Q19</b> D	<b>Q20</b> C
<b>Q21</b> C	<b>Q22</b> B	<b>Q23</b> B	<b>Q24</b> B	<b>Q25</b> B

“The truth is: the natural world is changing. And we are totally dependent on that world.”

-David Attenborough

## CLIMATE CHANGE

- R. KASTHURIRAJA (ALUMNI)

### 1. Which conference is officially known as the 28th Conference of Parties (COP28)?

- a. United Nations Environment Programme
- b. United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change
- c. Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
- d. World Meteorological Organization

### 2. COP28 (2023) was hosted in which country?

- a. Germany
- b. France
- c. United Arab Emirates
- d. Japan

### 3. The first Global Stocktake under the Paris Agreement was concluded at:

- a. COP25
- b. COP26
- c. COP27
- d. COP28

### 4. The “Loss and Damage Fund” primarily supports:

- a. Fossil fuel companies
- b. Developing countries affected by climate disasters
- c. Developed nations
- d. Space research

**5. Which organization releases the Emissions Gap Report annually?**

- a. World Bank
- b. United Nations Environment Programme
- c. Food and Agriculture Organization
- d. International Monetary Fund

**6. India's updated climate targets (NDCs) aim to achieve net-zero emissions by:**

- a. 2040
- b. 2050
- c. 2060
- d. 2070

**7. The Paris Agreement aims to limit global temperature rise to well below:**

- a. 3°C
- b. 2°C
- c. 1°C
- d. 4°C

**8. The International Solar Alliance was launched by India and:**

- a. USA
- b. UK
- c. France
- d. Australia

**9. The IPCC Sixth Assessment Report was released by:**

- a. UNEP
- b. Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
- c. WHO
- d. IMF

**10. Which Indian mission focuses on green hydrogen?**

- a. National Biofuel Mission
- b. National Electric Mobility Mission
- c. National Green Hydrogen Mission
- d. National Solar Mission

**11. The Green Climate Fund headquarters is located in:**

- a. USA
- b. UK
- c. South Korea
- d. Canada

**12. “Carbon Border Adjustment Mechanism” is associated with:**

- a. India
- b. China
- c. European Union
- d. Brazil

**13. El Niño mainly affects:**

- a. Ocean currents in Arctic
- b. Pacific Ocean climate patterns
- c. Atlantic hurricanes only
- d. Mediterranean rainfall

**14. Which gas has the highest global warming potential?**

- a. CO<sub>2</sub>
- b. Methane
- c. Nitrous Oxide
- d. Sulphur Hexafluoride

**15. The Kigali Amendment relates to phasing down:**

- a. Coal
- b. HFCs

- c. Plastic
- d. Nuclear waste

**16. The climate finance goal of \$100 billion per year was pledged by:**

- a. Developing nations
- b. G20
- c. Developed countries
- d. ASEAN

**17. India's "LiFE" initiative stands for:**

- a. Life for Earth
- b. Lifestyle for Environment
- c. Living in Friendly Environment
- d. Low Impact for Earth

**18. The Arctic region is warming approximately how many times faster than the global average?**

- a. Same rate
- b. 1.5 times
- c. 3-4 times
- d. 10 times

**19. Which summit focuses on climate and biodiversity together?**

- a. G7 Summit
- b. BRICS Summit
- c. UNFCCC COP
- d. UNEA

**20. The Global Methane Pledge was launched at:**

- a. COP21
- b. COP26
- c. COP27
- d. COP28

**21. The term “Climate Refugees” refers to:**

- a. Political migrants
- b. Disaster-displaced people due to climate change
- c. Tourists
- d. Diplomats

**22. The largest source of global greenhouse gas emissions is:**

- a. Agriculture
- b. Industry
- c. Energy sector
- d. Transport

**23. Which Indian state frequently experiences climate-induced glacial lake outburst floods?**

- a. Kerala
- b. Rajasthan
- c. Sikkim
- d. Gujarat

**24. The concept of “Net Zero” means:**

- a. Zero pollution
- b. No carbon dioxide at all
- c. Balancing emissions with removals
- d. No industries

**25. Which UN body provides scientific assessment on climate change?**

- a. UNEP
- b. Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
- c. UNDP
- d. WTO

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>Q1</b> B	<b>Q2</b> C	<b>Q3</b> D	<b>Q4</b> B	<b>Q5</b> B
<b>Q6</b> D	<b>Q7</b> B	<b>Q8</b> C	<b>Q9</b> B	<b>Q10</b> C
<b>Q11</b> C	<b>Q12</b> C	<b>Q13</b> B	<b>Q14</b> D	<b>Q15</b> B
<b>Q16</b> C	<b>Q17</b> B	<b>Q18</b> C	<b>Q19</b> C	<b>Q20</b> B
<b>Q21</b> B	<b>Q22</b> C	<b>Q23</b> C	<b>Q24</b> C	<b>Q25</b> B

“No water, no life. No blue, no green.”

-Sylvia Earle

## OCEANOGRAPHY

- R. VIGNESHWARAN, I MA

### 1. What was the main geological relationship between Pangea and Panthalassa?

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| a. Pangea and Panthalassa were two adjacent continents separated by a narrow inland sea              | b. Pangea was a supercontinent almost entirely surrounded by the global ocean Panthalassa |
| c. Pangea and Panthalassa were two separate superoceans with small scattered continents between them | d. Panthalassa was a supercontinent surrounded by the global ocean Pangea                 |

### 2. Which of them best helps scientists reconstruct the past positions of Pangea within the surrounding Panthalassa ocean?

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| a. Satellite measurements of present-day plate motion without reference to ancient rocks | b. Matching coastlines of present-day continents alone    |
| c. Paleomagnetic data from rocks combined with fossil and rock-unit correlations         | d. Similar climate patterns across modern continents only |

### 3. How did the breakdown of Pangea affect the structure of Panthalassa?

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| a. Panthalassa was progressively divided into multiple modern ocean basins, such as the Pacific | b. Panthalassa became a small inland sea trapped within the newly separated continents |
|---|--|

c. Panthalassa instantly disappeared and was replaced by new oceans within a few million years

d. Panthalassa expanded into a larger, more continuous global ocean

**4. Why Panthalassa important for understanding ancient climate patterns when Pangea existed?**

a. A global ocean led to highly uniform climate everywhere, eliminating regional differences

b. A single large ocean would have had no influence on climate because only landmasses control temperature

c. Panthalassa prevented any interaction between atmosphere and ocean, making climate models simpler

d. The configuration of one supercontinent and one superocean strongly influenced heat distribution, ocean currents, and monsoon-like systems

**5. Which concept of Pangea and Panthalassa supports the theory of plate tectonics?**

a. It implies that continents move, but ocean basins remain fixed and unchanging

b. It suggests Earth's surface has always had the same arrangement of continents and oceans

c. It shows that continents and ocean basins can move and reorganize dramatically over hundreds of millions of years

d. It argues that large-scale changes in Earth's surface are purely random and not related to plate boundaries.

**6. Which of the following give sovereign rights to coastal states over the continental shelf for exploration and exploitation of mineral and non-living resources.**

- a. united nation convention on the law of sea(UNCLOS)
- b. coastal zone management Act(CZMA,1972)
- c. Exclusive Economic zone (EEZ)
- d. None of the above

**7. The outer edge of the continental shelf are**

- a. The abyssal plain, a flat deep-ocean floor
- b. The mid-ocean ridge, where new crust forms
- c. The coastline, where land meets the ocean
- d. The shelf break, where the seafloor slope increases sharply

**8. Why continental shelves are the most productive marine areas in terms of biological activity?**

- a. They are the deepest parts of the ocean, allowing more species to live there
- b. They are shallow with high light penetration and nutrient input from land
- c. They are composed mostly of bare rock, which supports more algae
- d. They are isolated from ocean currents, preventing nutrient loss

**9. The factor which strongly influence the width of the continental shelves?**

- 1.The tectonic setting
- 2.Margin type of the continent
- 3.type of marine species present
- 4.average global sea-surface temperature
- 5.tidal range at the coast

Which of the following are correct

- a. 1, 2, 3
- b. 1 & 2 only

c. 3 & 5 only

d. All of the above

**10. How does sea-level change affect the position of the coastline to the continental shelf?**

a. Sea-level change has no effect, shelf position is fixed

b. Rising sea level exposes more of the continental shelf as dry land

c. Falling sea level floods pushing the coastline landward

d. Rising sea level floods more of the shelf, moving the coastline landward

**11. Which of the following statement explains that the offshore oil and gas reserves are found on continental shelves?**

a. Shelves are always located near mid-ocean ridges where oil originates

b. Shelves are composed only of volcanic rocks that trap hydrocarbons efficiently

c. Shelves are free of sediment, allowing oil to form directly from seawater

d. Shelves accumulate thick sedimentary sequences that can contain organic-rich layers

**12. Which of the following process directly contributes to the accumulation of sediments on continental shelves?**

a. Melting of oceanic crust

b. Subduction of oceanic plates beneath the continent

c. Deposition of material carried by rivers and coastal currents

d. Formation of new crust at mid-ocean ridges

**13. How does the crust differ between continental shelves and adjacent deep ocean basins?**

- a. Shelves are underlain by continental crust, while deep basins are underlain by oceanic crust
- b. Deep ocean basins are underlain by continental crust, shelves are oceanic
- c. Both shelves and deep basins are underlain by identical oceanic crust
- d. Shelves are underlain by mantle rock with no crust, while basins have thick crust

**14. What happens to wave energy as it travels from deep water onto a gently sloping continental shelf toward the shore?**

- a. It generally increases in height and breaks as depth decreases
- b. It remains unchanged because water depth does not affect waves
- c. It causes the seafloor to rise to match the wave height
- d. It completely disappears once it reaches the shelf break

**15. Which of the following statements best describes continental shelf of indian coasts?**

- a. A flat, sediment-rocky platform located only along the andaman sea
- b. A gently sloping, submerged extension of the landmas upto certain depth
- c. A chain of volcanic islands rising from abyssal plains
- d. A very narrow, uniformly steep slope dropping into deep ocean basins

**16. Which part of the indian coasts continental shelf generally the widest?**

- a. Eastern coast off tamilnadu and andhra pradesh
- b. Andaman and nicobar island region
- c. Goa and karnataka coasts only
- d. western coast of Gujarat and part of west coast

**17. What is the depth range at which the Indian continental shelf transitions to the continental slope?**

- a. Around 400-600m depth
- b. Around 100-200m depth
- c. Around 50-80m depth
- d. Around 1000-2000m depth

**18. Which factor has significantly contributed to thick sediment accumulation in bay of bengal?**

- a. Large river systems
- b. strong ocean currents
- c. High volcanic activities
- d. Lack of rainfall

**19. Why is continental shelf in india important for an economic perspective?**

- a. It hosts rich fisheries and potent oil and gas reserves
- b. it is largeky unused due to extreme depth
- c. It is mainly used for deep-sea mining
- d. It has no role in shipping routes or ports

**20. Under UNCLOS, how far can india claim rights over the continental shelf?**

- a. There is no legal limit
- b. Upto 200 nautical miles, far away EEZ
- c. Upto 350 nautical miles in some cases, beyond EEZ
- d. only upto 12 nautical miles from the baseline

**21. Which physical characteristics generally distinguish the Indian continental shelf from the adjacent continental slope?**

- a. The shelf is steeper than the slope and much deeper
- b. The shelf located entirely below 4000m depth

c. The shelf has a gentle gradient and shallower depths

d. The shelf consists only of hard crystalline rocks

**22. How does the width of shelf differ from between the eastern and western coasts of india?**

a. it is generally wider on western and narrower on eastern coasts

b. it is only present on Eastern coast, not on western coast

c. it is extremely narrow everywhere, less than 10km from shore

d. it is uniformly wide on the both coasts

**23. Why shelf region generally more biologically productive than open ocean of india?**

a. Deep waters on shelf prevent sunlight penetration, favouring productivity

b. High salinity on the shelf, phytoplankton growth

c. Upwelling, river inputs, and nutrient recycling in shallow water enhance productivity

d. The shelf is completely isolated from land-derived nutrients

**24. Which statement describes the legal significance of continental shelf for india?**

a. Indian only shares the shelf resources equally with all neighbouring countries

b. continental shelf has no special status

c. Indian has full sovereignty over the water column

d. india has exclusive sovereign right to explore and exploit natural resources

**25. Indias recent submission on the extended continental shelf (ECS) in the Arabian Sea;**

1. India expanded its ECS claim by nearly 10,000 sq km in the Central Arabian Sea in 2025.

2. The Commission on the Limits of the Continental Shelf (CLCS) rejected India's original claim

due to objections from Oman.

3. India resubmitted partial claims to secure uncontested areas while leaving the Sir Creek-adjacent region for bilateral discussion.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

a. 1 and 2 only

b. 1 and 3 only

c. 2 and 3 only

d. 1, 2 and 3

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>Q1</b> B	<b>Q2</b> C	<b>Q3</b> A	<b>Q4</b> D	<b>Q5</b> C
<b>Q6</b> A	<b>Q7</b> D	<b>Q8</b> B	<b>Q9</b> B	<b>Q10</b> D
<b>Q11</b> D	<b>Q12</b> C	<b>Q13</b> A	<b>Q14</b> A	<b>Q15</b> B
<b>Q16</b> D	<b>Q17</b> B	<b>Q18</b> A	<b>Q19</b> A	<b>Q20</b> C
<b>Q21</b> C	<b>Q22</b> A	<b>Q23</b> C	<b>Q24</b> D	<b>Q25</b> B

“The history of all hitherto existing society is the history of class struggles.”

-Karl Marx

## ECONOMICS

- A. DHIVYA STEPHENA, I MA

**1. If a country reduces corporate tax to attract investment but tax revenue falls sharply, the situation questions the limits of:**

- a. Keynesian multiplier
- b. Laffer Curve hypothesis
- c. Phillips Curve
- d. Ricardian theory

**2. When inflation persists despite tight monetary policy by the Reserve Bank of India, the most likely reason is:**

- a. Excess liquidity
- b. Low fiscal deficit
- c. High exports
- d. Supply-side constraints

**3. A rise in foreign exchange reserves due to capital inflows may lead to:**

- a. Currency depreciation
- b. Imported deflation
- c. Appreciation pressure on domestic currency
- d. Trade deficit elimination

**4. If GDP rises but per capita income stagnates, it implies:**

- a. Population growth offsets output growth
- b. Inflation is zero
- c. Productivity doubled
- d. Exports declined

**5. Which situation best reflects fiscal dominance?**

- a. Central bank independently controls inflation
- b. Government borrowing influences monetary policy decisions
- c. Exchange rate is fully flexible
- d. Trade surplus increases

**6. In a developing economy, disguised unemployment is most commonly observed in:**

- a. IT sector
- b. Heavy industries
- c. Agriculture
- d. Banking sector

**7. If real interest rates turn negative, the most likely impact is:**

- a. Higher savings
- b. Reduced inflation
- c. Lower consumption
- d. Increased borrowing and asset bubbles

**8. Expansion of schemes like Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana mainly strengthens:**

- a. Capital account convertibility
- b. Financial inclusion
- c. Industrial licensing
- d. Export subsidies

**9. When government expenditure increases during recession, it reflects:**

- a. Pro-cyclical policy
- b. Counter-cyclical fiscal policy
- c. Monetarist contraction
- d. Supply shock

**10. A higher capital-output ratio indicates:**

- a. More capital required to produce output
- b. Efficient capital use
- c. Lower investment needs
- d. High labour productivity

**11. If import prices rise sharply due to global oil shocks, inflation caused is:**

- a. Demand-pull inflation
- b. Core inflation
- c. Imported inflation
- d. Structural deflation

**12. Which factor most weakens the demographic dividend?**

- a. High literacy
- b. Skill mismatch
- c. Rising exports
- d. Capital deepening

**13. If income inequality widens, aggregate demand may weaken because:**

- a. Poor have lower marginal propensity to consume
- b. Government spending increases
- c. Rich have lower marginal propensity to consume
- d. Inflation falls

**14. The primary objective of inflation targeting by the Reserve Bank of India is:**

- a. Increase exports
- b. Stabilize purchasing power
- c. Reduce fiscal deficit
- d. Eliminate unemployment

**15. A sudden stop in foreign capital inflows may cause:**

- a. Currency appreciation
- b. Fiscal surplus

c. Export boom

d. Liquidity crisis and depreciation

**16. Structural reforms of 1991 in India mainly aimed at:**

a. Increasing agricultural subsidies

b. Liberalisation, privatisation and globalisation

c. Closing the economy

d. Removing private sector

**17. If MSP increases without productivity growth, long-term impact may include:**

a. Fiscal stress and market distortion

b. Higher exports automatically

c. Lower inflation

d. Reduced subsidy burden

**18. Which of the following best indicates economic formalisation?**

a. Rise in cash transactions

b. Increase in digital payments through Unified Payments Interface

c. Growth in barter trade

d. Expansion of informal credit

**19. A high revenue deficit implies:**

a. Government borrows for asset creation

b. Government borrows to finance consumption

c. Trade surplus

d. Zero fiscal deficit

**20. Which condition is necessary for currency depreciation to improve trade balance?**

a. Low inflation

b. High fiscal deficit

c. Marshall–Lerner condition

d. Capital account surplus

**21. When GDP growth is accompanied by environmental degradation, it raises concerns about:**

a. Sustainable development

b. Nominal accounting

c. Inflation targeting

d. Exchange rate management

**22. In a liquidity trap situation:**

a. Interest rates are high

b. Monetary policy becomes less effective

c. Inflation rises sharply

d. Fiscal deficit disappears

**23. If labour productivity rises but wages remain stagnant, it suggests:**

a. Strong labour bargaining power

b. Low capital intensity

c. Full employment

d. Weak labour institutions

**24. High public debt becomes unsustainable when:**

a. GDP growth exceeds interest rate

b. Interest rate exceeds GDP growth

c. Inflation is moderate

d. Exports rise

**25. Which situation best reflects stagflation risk in India?**

a. High growth and low inflation

b. High exports and strong rupee

c. Low growth and high inflation

d. Balanced budget and low debt

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>Q1</b> B	<b>Q2</b> D	<b>Q3</b> C	<b>Q4</b> A	<b>Q5</b> B
<b>Q6</b> C	<b>Q7</b> D	<b>Q8</b> B	<b>Q9</b> B	<b>Q10</b> A
<b>Q11</b> C	<b>Q12</b> B	<b>Q13</b> C	<b>Q14</b> B	<b>Q15</b> D
<b>Q16</b> B	<b>Q17</b> A	<b>Q18</b> B	<b>Q19</b> B	<b>Q20</b> C
<b>Q21</b> A	<b>Q22</b> B	<b>Q23</b> D	<b>Q24</b> B	<b>Q25</b> C

“The future belongs to nations with grains and not guns.”

-M.S. Swaminathan

## **AGRICULTURE & ALLIED SECTORS**

### **AGRICULTURE**

- **A. MURALI, I MA**

**1. What is the primary objective of the National Agriculture Market (e-NAM)?**

- A) Increase crop production
- B) Promote online trading of agricultural produce
- C) Enhance irrigation facilities
- D) Improve soil health

**2. Which crop is grown in the Vindhya region of Madhya Pradesh?**

- A) Rice
- B) Mango
- C) Wheat
- D) Cotton

**3. Which revolution is associated with meat production?**

- A) Red Revolution
- B) Blue Revolution
- C) Yellow Revolution
- D) Green Revolution

**4. Which state is a major producer of millets?**

- A) Rajasthan
- B) Punjab
- C) Haryana
- D) Uttar Pradesh

**5. What is the primary goal of the National Mission on Bamboo?**

- A) Enhance irrigation facilities
- B) Promote dairy farming
- C) Increase bamboo production
- D) Improve soil fertility

**6. Which crop is known as a beverage crop?**

- A) Rice
- B) Tea
- C) Cotton
- D) Pulses

**7. Which state is a major producer of turmeric?**

- A) Andhra Pradesh
- B) Tamil Nadu
- C) Karnataka
- D) Kerala

**8. What is the primary focus of the National Mission on Micro Irrigation?**

- A) Promote organic farming
- B) Enhance water-use efficiency
- C) Increase seed production
- D) Reduce pesticide use

**9. Which crop is associated with the Evergreen Revolution?**

- A) Sustainable agriculture
- B) Dairy production
- C) Fish production
- D) Oilseed production

**10. Which state is known for its grape production?**

- A) Andhra Pradesh
- B) Karnataka

C) Tamil Nadu

D) Maharashtra

**11. What is the primary objective of the National Dairy Development Board (NDDB)?**

A) Promote crop production

B) Enhance dairy farming

C) Increase fish production

D) Improve irrigation systems

**12. Which crop is grown in the coastal regions of India?**

A) Wheat

B) Cotton

C) Coconut

D) Pulses

**13. Which revolution is linked to mushroom production?**

A) Brown Revolution

B) Blue Revolution

C) Yellow Revolution

D) Silver Revolution

**14. Which state is a major producer of oranges?**

A) Tamil Nadu

B) Punjab

C) Haryana

D) Maharashtra

**15. What is the primary goal of the National Agricultural Insurance Scheme?**

A) Promote organic farming

B) Provide crop insurance

C) Enhance irrigation facilities

D) Improve soil fertility

**16. Which crop is associated with the Golden Revolution?**

- A) Fruits and vegetables
- B) Oilseeds
- C) Pulses
- D) Cereals

**17. Which state is known for its cashew production?**

- A) Kerala
- B) Goa
- C) Maharashtra
- D) All of the above

**18. What is the primary objective of the National Mission on Medicinal Plants?**

- A) Increase medicinal plant cultivation
- B) Promote dairy farming
- C) Enhance irrigation facilities
- D) Improve soil fertility

**19. Which crop is grown in the arid regions of Rajasthan?**

- A) Rice
- B) Bajra
- C) Wheat
- D) Sugarcane

**20. Which revolution is associated with petroleum-based products?**

- A) Black Revolution
- B) Yellow Revolution
- C) Green Revolution
- D) Blue Revolution

**21. Which state is a major producer of chillies?**

- A) Kerala
- B) Tamil Nadu
- C) Karnataka
- D) Andhra Pradesh

**22. What is the primary goal of the National Mission on Agricultural Extension?**

- A) Promote organic farming
- B) Increase seed production
- C) Enhance farmer education
- D) Reduce pesticide use

**23. Which crop is associated with the White Revolution?**

- A) Milk
- B) Egg
- C) Fish
- D) Oilseeds

**24. Which state is known for its banana production?**

- A) Maharashtra
- B) Tamil Nadu
- C) Andhra Pradesh
- D) All of the above

**25. What is the primary objective of the Viksit Krishi Sankalp Abhiyan?**

- A) Promote sustainable farming
- B) Educate farmers on modern techniques
- C) Increase dairy production
- D) Enhance irrigation facilities

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>Q1</b> B	<b>Q2</b> C	<b>Q3</b> A	<b>Q4</b> A	<b>Q5</b> C
<b>Q6</b> B	<b>Q7</b> A	<b>Q8</b> B	<b>Q9</b> A	<b>Q10</b> D
<b>Q11</b> B	<b>Q12</b> C	<b>Q13</b> A	<b>Q14</b> D	<b>Q15</b> B
<b>Q16</b> A	<b>Q17</b> D	<b>Q18</b> A	<b>Q19</b> B	<b>Q20</b> A
<b>Q21</b> D	<b>Q22</b> C	<b>Q23</b> A	<b>Q24</b> D	<b>Q25</b> B

“In all things of nature there is something of the marvelous.”

-Aristotle

## **ANIMAL HUSBANDARY**

**-A. DHIVYA STEPHENA, I MA**

**1. In February 2026, a nationwide livestock vaccination drive would mainly help in:**

- A) Increasing export taxes
- B) Preventing transboundary animal diseases
- C) Reducing fertilizer prices
- D) Expanding urban housing

**2. If the Government increases subsidies for dairy farmers in February 2026, the immediate impact would likely be:**

- A) Rise in milk production
- B) Decrease in livestock population
- C) Ban on milk imports
- D) Increase in petrol price

**3. An outbreak of Avian Influenza in February 2026 would most directly affect:**

- A) Poultry farmers
- B) Silk weavers
- C) Fisheries
- D) Cotton traders

**4. The promotion of indigenous cattle breeds in February 2026 primarily aims to:**

- A) Increase foreign tourism
- B) Improve climate resilience
- C) Reduce IT exports
- D) Promote gold imports

**5. Digital livestock identification programs introduced in early 2026 would improve:**

- A) Movie ticket booking
- B) Animal traceability
- C) Highway construction
- D) Railway ticket prices

**6. If fodder prices increased during February 2026, farmers would likely:**

- A) Expand livestock numbers
- B) Reduce herd size
- C) Increase poultry imports
- D) Close dairy cooperatives

**7. The celebration of Livestock Health Awareness Week in February 2026 would mainly focus on:**

- A) Crop insurance
- B) Animal disease prevention
- C) Textile production
- D) Mining safety

**8. Export restrictions on meat products in February 2026 would mainly affect:**

- A) Software companies
- B) Meat processing units
- C) Film industry
- D) Tourism sector

**9. If a new cattle insurance scheme was introduced in February 2026, it would reduce:**

- A) Farmer risk
- B) Urban unemployment
- C) IT sector profits
- D) Railway congestion

**10. A dairy cooperative expansion announced in February 2026 would likely:**

- A) Decrease milk collection
- B) Strengthen rural income
- C) Reduce rainfall
- D) Ban livestock transport

**11. A government push for organic livestock farming in 2026 would encourage:**

- A) Chemical feed usage
- B) Natural feed practices
- C) Mining activities
- D) Petroleum exports

**12. If climate discussions in Feb 2026 focused on methane emissions, livestock would be discussed because:**

- A) They reduce carbon
- B) They emit methane
- C) They absorb plastic
- D) They produce coal

**13. A rise in milk procurement prices in February 2026 would benefit:**

- A) Dairy farmers
- B) Cement factories
- C) Telecom companies
- D) Jewelers

**14. The launch of a new veterinary mobile clinic service would improve:**

- A) Urban traffic
- B) Animal healthcare access
- C) International tourism
- D) Textile exports

**15. An increase in poultry feed costs during February 2026 would likely:**

- A) Lower egg prices
- B) Increase egg prices
- C) Stop fish exports
- D) Reduce rainfall

**16. Promotion of goat farming in rural areas would mainly help:**

- A) Large corporations
- B) Small and marginal farmers
- C) Airline companies
- D) Software engineers

**17. If India discussed dairy exports in February 2026, the main concern would be:**

- A) Quality standards
- B) Movie censorship
- C) Oil drilling
- D) Road widening

**18. A livestock census update in February 2026 would help in:**

- A) Fashion designing
- B) Policy planning
- C) Airport construction
- D) Coal mining

**19. If zoonotic disease awareness was highlighted in Feb 2026, it connects animal and:**

- A) Textile health
- B) Human health
- C) Road safety
- D) Banking policy

**20. Financial aid to dairy SHGs (Self Help Groups) would primarily empower:**

- A) Rural women
- B) Urban bankers

C) Airline staff

D) Real estate agents

**21. A policy to improve cold storage chains in February 2026 would reduce:**

A) Milk spoilage

B) Internet speed

C) Rainfall

D) Mining output

**22. If livestock vaccination coverage increased to 90% in Feb 2026, the likely outcome is:**

A) Disease control

B) Fuel shortage

C) Urban flooding

D) Textile exports rise

**23. An awareness program on antimicrobial resistance in animals would aim to:**

A) Promote antibiotic misuse

B) Encourage responsible medicine use

C) Increase mining output

D) Ban dairy farming

**24. Government support for pig farming clusters would mainly:**

A) Improve rural employment

B) Reduce milk output

C) Increase gold imports

D) Close farms

**25. If February 2026 policy discussions focused on sustainable livestock, the goal would be:**

A) Increase pollution

B) Balance productivity and environment

C) Stop dairy exports

D) Reduce vaccination

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>Q1</b> B	<b>Q2</b> A	<b>Q3</b> A	<b>Q4</b> B	<b>Q5</b> B
<b>Q6</b> B	<b>Q7</b> B	<b>Q8</b> B	<b>Q9</b> A	<b>Q10</b> B
<b>Q11</b> B	<b>Q12</b> B	<b>Q13</b> A	<b>Q14</b> B	<b>Q15</b> B
<b>Q16</b> B	<b>Q17</b> A	<b>Q18</b> B	<b>Q19</b> B	<b>Q20</b> A
<b>Q21</b> A	<b>Q22</b> A	<b>Q23</b> B	<b>Q24</b> A	<b>Q25</b> B

“Somewhere, something incredible is waiting to be known.”

-Carl Sagan

**SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY**

**SPACE ADMINISTRATION**

- S. SABARITHA (ALUMNI)

**1. Which Indian body regulates private space activities under the Department of Space?**

- |             |           |
|-------------|-----------|
| A) DRDO     | B) NSIL   |
| C) IN-SPACe | D) Antrix |

**2. IN-SPACe was established in which year?**

- |         |         |
|---------|---------|
| A) 2018 | B) 2019 |
| C) 2020 | D) 2022 |

**3. Which organization is responsible for commercializing ISRO's space technologies?**

- |                       |             |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| A) Antrix Corporation | B) IN-SPACe |
| C) DRDO               | D) NSIL     |

**4. Indian Space Research Organisation functions under which ministry?**

- |                        |                                       |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| A) Ministry of Defence | B) Ministry of Science and Technology |
| C) Department of Space | D) Ministry of Civil Aviation         |

**5. India's Space Policy 2023 mainly aims to:**

- A) Privatize ISRO completely                      B) Militarize space  
C) Encourage private sector participation      D) Ban foreign collaborations

**6. Which mission demonstrated India's capability in soft landing on the Moon in 2023?**

- A) Chandrayaan-2                                      B) Aditya-L1  
C) Chandrayaan-1                                      D) Chandrayaan-3

**7. The commercial arm of ISRO prior to NSIL was:**

- A) HAL    B) Antrix Corporation  
C) BHEL     D) BEL

**8. Which Indian private space startup launched India's first privately built rocket?**

- A) Skyroot Aerospace                                 B) Agnikul Cosmos  
C) Bellatrix Aerospace                                D) Pixxel

**9. The Vikram-S rocket was launched by:**

- A) ISRO    B) DRDO  
C) Skyroot Aerospace                                 D) Agnikul Cosmos

**10. The headquarters of IN-SPACE is located in:**

- A) Bengaluru    B) Hyderabad  
C) Ahmedabad                                         D) Sriharikota

**11. Which mission is India's first solar observatory mission?**

- A) Chandrayaan-3
- B) Mangalyaan
- C) Aditya-L1
- D) Gaganyaan

**12. India's human spaceflight mission is named:**

- A) Vyom
- B) Gaganyaan
- C) Bharatiya-1
- D) Shakti

**13. The Gaganyaan mission will send astronauts to:**

- A) Moon
- B) Mars
- C) Low Earth Orbit
- D) International Space Station

**14. Which organization manages India's satellite launches from Sriharikota?**

- A) ISRO
- B) IN-SPACE
- C) NSIL
- D) DRDO

**15. The Space Activities Bill (proposed) aims to:**

- A) Regulate private space operations
- B) Ban satellite launches
- C) Control internet services
- D) Establish NASA in India

**16. Which Indian launch vehicle is primarily used for heavy satellite launches?**

- A) PSLV
- B) GSLV Mk III (LVM3)

C) SSLV

D) ASLV

**17. India joined which space exploration framework led by the USA?**

A) Artemis Accords

B) NATO Space Pact

C) SpaceX Alliance

D) Mars Treaty

**18. The Artemis Accords are related to:**

A) Space tourism

B) Peaceful lunar exploration

C) Military satellites

D) Weather forecasting

**19. Which Indian state hosts the Satish Dhawan Space Centre?**

A) Karnataka

B) Tamil Nadu

C) Andhra Pradesh

D) Gujarat

**20. The small satellite launch vehicle developed by ISRO is:**

A) PSLV

B) SSLV

C) GSLV

D) LVM3

**21. Which Indian startup focuses on small satellite launch services from a private launchpad?**

A) Skyroot Aerospace

B) Agnikul Cosmos

C) Pixxel

D) Dhruva Space

**22. India's space economy is projected to reach approximately by 2033:**

- A) \$10 billion
- B) \$25 billion
- C) \$44 billion
- D) \$100 billion

**23. The NewSpace India Limited (NSIL) was established in:**

- A) 2017
- B) 2018
- C) 2019
- D) 2020

**24. Which international body governs global space law?**

- A) UNOOSA
- B) NATO
- C) IMF
- D) WTO

**25. The Outer Space Treaty was adopted in:**

- A) 1957
- B) 1967
- C) 1975
- D) 1984

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>Q1</b> C	<b>Q2</b> C	<b>Q3</b> D	<b>Q4</b> C	<b>Q5</b> C
<b>Q6</b> D	<b>Q7</b> B	<b>Q8</b> A	<b>Q9</b> C	<b>Q10</b> C
<b>Q11</b> C	<b>Q12</b> B	<b>Q13</b> C	<b>Q14</b> A	<b>Q15</b> A
<b>Q16</b> B	<b>Q17</b> A	<b>Q18</b> B	<b>Q19</b> C	<b>Q20</b> B
<b>Q21</b> B	<b>Q22</b> C	<b>Q23</b> C	<b>Q24</b> A	<b>Q25</b> B

“We can only see a short distance ahead, but we can see plenty there that needs to be done.”

-Alan Turing

## ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

- S. BARATH KUMAR, II MA

**1. Which major regulatory change came into effect on February 20, 2026, regarding AI content in India?**

- A) The AI Safety Protocol
- B) The IT Amendment Rules 2026 (labeling and takedowns)
- C) The Universal Deepfake Ban
- D) The Digital Media License Act

**2. Under the new February 2026 rules, how quickly must social media platforms remove flagged unlawful AI content?**

- A) 24 hours
- B) 12 hours
- C) 3 hours
- D) 36 hours

**3. What is the new statutory term introduced in February 2026 to describe AI-generated audio-visual content?**

- A) Algorithmically Altered Media (AAM)
- B) Synthetically Generated Information (SGI)
- C) Artificial Visual Data (AVD)
- D) Virtualized Reality Content (VRC)

**4. NIST (USA) launched which major initiative on February 17, 2026, to foster secure AI growth?**

- A) The GPT-Safety Alliance
- B) The AI Agent Standards Initiative

- C) The Neural Network Privacy Pact                      D) The Quantum-AI Security Framework

**5. Where was the "India AI Impact Summit 2026" held in February?**

- A) Silicon Valley, USA    B) Bharat Mandapam, New Delhi  
C) Bengaluru, India    D) Geneva, Switzerland

**6. At the India AI Impact Summit, which world leader joined PM Modi to address the opening ceremony?**

- A) Rishi Sunak    B) Emmanuel Macron  
C) Justin Trudeau    D) Olaf Scholz

**7. Which Guinness World Record was set during the AI Impact Summit on February 16–17, 2026?**

- A) Most AI-generated images created in an hour                      B) Most pledges for a responsible AI campaign in 24 hours  
C) Largest gathering of humanoid robots                      D) Fastest AI-driven code deployment

**8. What was the theme of PM Modi's "M.A.N.A.V." vision for AI announced this month?**

- A) Multimodal, Accessible, Networked, Advanced, Versatile                      B) Moral, Accountable, National, Accessible, Valid  
C) Machine, Automated, Neutral, Agile, Virtual                      D) Modern, Analytical, Natural, Adaptive, Verified

**9. The ET AI Conclave & Awards took place on February 26, 2026, in which city?**

- A) Hyderabad
- B) Mumbai
- C) Bengaluru
- D) Chennai

**10. Anthropic released which model on February 5, 2026, featuring a 1-million-token context window?**

- A) Claude 3.5 Sonnet
- B) Claude Opus 4.6
- C) Claude Haiku 5
- D) Claude Pro Agent

**11. Which AI-native code editor released version 2.0 in February 2026 with a "multi-agent interface"?**

- A) VS Code AI
- B) Cursor
- C) PyCharm Next
- D) Replit Ghost

**12. Google released which "Reasoning Powerhouse" model on February 19, 2026?**

- A) Gemini 2.0 Flash
- B) Gemini 3.1 Pro
- C) Bard Ultra 2
- D) DeepMind Logic 1.0

**13. Which Chinese company's "GLM-5" model topped open-source benchmarks in February 2026?**

- A) Alibaba
- B) Zhipu AI
- C) Baidu
- D) Tencent

**14. What video AI tool released version 2.0 in February, focusing on "self-correcting workflows"?**

- A) Sora
- B) Seedance
- C) Runway Gen-4
- D) Pika Labs 3

**15. Which tech giant announced that 30% of their company code is now AI-written as of February 2026?**

- A) Meta
- B) Microsoft
- C) Apple
- D) IBM

**16. Total AI infrastructure investment announcements from the "Big Four" hit what staggering number this month?**

- A) \$100 billion
- B) \$650 billion
- C) \$1 trillion
- D) \$400 billion

**17. According to February 2026 trends, what is the "hottest new programming language"?**

- A) Python 4.0
- B) Rust
- C) English (Natural Language)
- D) Go

**18. What percentage of enterprise applications does Gartner project will have built-in AI agents by the end of 2026?**

- A) 10%
- B) 25%
- C) 40%
- D) 60%

**19. Which hardware release was highlighted in February 2026 as a solution to high power consumption in AI?**

- A) NVIDIA H300
- B) Ryzen AI 400 & Maia 200
- C) Apple M5 Max
- D) Intel Neural Stick 3

**20. What is the "Year of Frontier vs. Efficient" referring to in February 2026 reports?**

- A) Large models vs. small, specialized models
- B) Cloud AI vs. Local AI
- C) US AI vs. China AI
- D) Ethical AI vs. Open AI

**21. In manufacturing trends for Feb 2026, what is "Agentic AI" primarily being used for?**

- A) Writing marketing emails
- B) Proactive process control and scheduling
- C) Generating 3D product ads
- D) Employee facial recognition

**22. Which social platform's CHRO spoke on February 25, 2026, about using AI for "personalized well-being"?**

- A) LinkedIn
- B) Spotify
- C) X (formerly Twitter)
- D) TikTok

**23. "AI-ready data" is being called the "next frontier" in 2026. What does this prioritize over model development?**

- A) Data cleaning and governance
- B) Scraping more public websites
- C) Increasing model parameters
- D) Reducing hardware cooling costs

**24. Which country is set to host the next major AI Summit in 2027, as announced in February?**

- A) USA
- B) Switzerland (Geneva)
- C) Japan
- D) Brazil

**25. What is the primary concern raised by critics regarding India's 3-hour takedown rule implemented this month?**

- A) It is too slow to stop viral content
- B) Potential for censorship and "chilling effect" on expression
- C) It only applies to text, not video
- D) It requires human intervention for every post

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>Q1</b> B	<b>Q2</b> C	<b>Q3</b> B	<b>Q4</b> B	<b>Q5</b> B
<b>Q6</b> B	<b>Q7</b> B	<b>Q8</b> B	<b>Q9</b> C	<b>Q10</b> B
<b>Q11</b> B	<b>Q12</b> B	<b>Q13</b> B	<b>Q14</b> B	<b>Q15</b> B
<b>Q16</b> B	<b>Q17</b> C	<b>Q18</b> C	<b>Q19</b> B	<b>Q20</b> A
<b>Q21</b> B	<b>Q22</b> B	<b>Q23</b> A	<b>Q24</b> B	<b>Q25</b> B

“Nanotechnology will let us build things with atomic precision.”

-K. Eric Drexler

## NANOTECHNOLOGY

- S. PRIYADHARSHINI (ALUMNI)

### 1. When was the Nano Tech 2026 Global Exhibition held?

- A) February 1–5, 2026
- B) January 20–25, 2026
- C) January 27–31, 2026
- D) March 10–15, 2026

### 2. What sustainable innovation was highlighted at Nano Tech 2026?

- A) Solar nano battery
- B) Printed dynamic force sensor on compostable NanoPaper
- C) Graphene superchip
- D) Nano-drone system

### 3. Which international forum discussed regional nanotechnology cooperation in January 2026?

- A) World Nano Council
- B) Asian Nano Forum
- C) Global Tech Alliance
- D) Nano Asia Summit

### 4. What was the focus of the nanotechnology standardization workshop announced in January 2026?

- A) Military applications
- B) Space nanotech research
- C) Quality standards, safety protocols, and regional cooperation
- D) Private investment funding

**5. How is nanotechnology contributing to medical research in 2026?**

- A) Robotic surgeries
- B) AI hospital systems
- C) Nanoparticles targeting harmful proteins (dementia & brain cancer)
- D) Genetic cloning

**6. Which journal highlighted new nanoscale virus detection methods in January 2026?**

- A) Nature Nanotechnology
- B) Science Advances
- C) Frontiers in Nanotechnology
- D) Nano Letters

**7. How is nanotechnology supporting sustainability goals in 2026?**

- A) Space mining
- B) Biodegradable nano-materials, eco-friendly sensors & efficient energy storage
- C) Plastic-based nano devices
- D) High-emission manufacturing

**8. Which nano-structures are used in future internet technology?**

- A) Carbon rods
- B) Quantum nanostructures
- C) Metal sheets
- D) Silicon blocks

**9. Which type of eco-friendly nano-material was highlighted at the January 2026 conference?**

- A) Synthetic polymer nano-material
- B) Metallic nano-coating
- C) Biodegradable nano-material
- D) Plastic nano-fiber

**10. Which industry sector is boosted by nanotechnology stocks?**

- A) Agriculture
- B) Tourism
- C) Semiconductors
- D) Textile

**11. Which sector is increasingly using nano-coatings to improve battery efficiency in 2026?**

- A) Textile industry
- B) Electric vehicle industry
- C) Paper manufacturing
- D) Fisheries

**12. What role do carbon nanotubes play in modern electronics?**

- A) Reduce internet speed
- B) Act as insulating material
- C) Enhance conductivity and miniaturization
- D) Replace lithium batteries

**13. Which country hosted the Nano Tech 2026 Global Exhibition?**

- A) South Korea
- B) Germany
- C) Japan
- D) USA

**14. Nano-enabled water purification systems mainly help to:**

- A) Increase water salinity
- B) Remove heavy metals and pathogens
- C) Add artificial minerals
- D) Store ocean water

**15. Which nanomaterial is widely researched for flexible electronics in 2026?**

- A) Copper wire
- B) Graphene
- C) Iron rods
- D) Wood fiber

**16. Nano-sensors in agriculture are primarily used for:**

- A) Harvesting crops
- B) Monitoring soil nutrients and moisture
- C) Packaging food
- D) Transporting fertilizers

**17. What is a major safety concern related to nanotechnology?**

- A) High electricity usage
- B) Nanoparticle toxicity and environmental impact
- C) Heavy weight materials
- D) Lack of color options

**18. Which field benefits from nano-drug delivery systems?**

- A) Architecture
- B) Sports training
- C) Targeted cancer therapy
- D) Road construction

**19. Nano-lithography is mainly associated with:**

- A) Textile dyeing
- B) Semiconductor chip manufacturing
- C) Shipbuilding
- D) Plastic recycling

**20. Which global goal is directly supported by eco-friendly nanomaterials?**

- A) Space colonization
- B) Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
- C) Military expansion
- D) Cryptocurrency mining

**21. Nano-enabled energy storage systems improve:**

- A) Battery charging speed and lifespan
- B) Fuel consumption in ships
- C) Paper thickness
- D) Internet bandwidth

**22. Which property makes nanoparticles highly reactive?**

- A) Large weight
- B) Small surface area
- C) High surface area to volume ratio
- D) Magnetic color

**23. Nano-encapsulation technology is widely used in:**

- A) Food preservation and pharmaceuticals
- B) Road building
- C) Textile stitching
- D) Mining

**24. Which technology combines nanotechnology with artificial intelligence for advanced sensing?**

- A) Manual scanning
- B) AI-integrated nano-sensors
- C) Typewriter systems
- D) Steam engines



“Science cannot solve the ultimate mystery of nature.”

-Max Planck

**SCIENCE (PHYSICAL & LIFE SCIENCES )**

**PHYSICS**

- **R. SANTHOSH, II MA**

**1. If Earth had no atmosphere, the sky would appear:**

- |         |          |
|---------|----------|
| A) Blue | B) Black |
| C) Red  | D) White |

**2. A book is kept on a table. The action–reaction pair is:**

- |                    |                    |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| A) Book and Earth  | B) Book and table  |
| C) Table and floor | D) Earth and table |

**3. When you rub your hands together, they become warm due to:**

- |             |            |
|-------------|------------|
| A) Pressure | B) Gravity |
| C) Friction | D) Inertia |

**4. Which travels fastest?**

- |                 |                   |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| A) Sound in air | B) Sound in water |
| C) Light in air | D) Light in glass |

**5. If mass increases and force remains constant, acceleration will:**

- A) Increase
- B) Decrease
- C) Remain same
- D) Become zero

**6. Why do camels have broad feet?**

- A) To run fast
- B) To reduce pressure on sand
- C) To increase weight
- D) For attraction

**7. The image formed by a plane mirror is always:**

- A) Real and inverted
- B) Virtual and erect
- C) Real and erect
- D) Virtual and inverted

**8. A moving object stops due to:**

- A) Gravity
- B) Friction
- C) Magnetism
- D) Pressure

**9. If you cut a magnet into two pieces:**

- A) One becomes north, one south
- B) Both lose magnetism
- C) Two smaller magnets are formed
- D) Only one part is magnetic

**10. Why does a swimmer float easily in salt water?**

- A) Less gravity
- B) More density

C) Less pressure

D) No friction

**11. Which quantity has both magnitude and direction?**

A) Speed

B) Distance

C) Velocity

D) Mass

**12. The unit of resistance is:**

A) Volt

B) Ohm

C) Watt

D) Ampere

**13. When current flows in a wire, it produces:**

A) Only heat

B) Only light

C) Magnetic field

D) Gravity

**14. If there is no friction, a moving object will:**

A) Stop immediately

B) Move forever with same speed

C) Slow down gradually

D) Move in circle

**15. Why does a steel ship float?**

A) Steel is light

B) It displaces large amount of water

C) It has no gravity

D) It is hollow only

**16. The energy stored in food is:**

- A) Mechanical
- B) Heat
- C) Chemical
- D) Nuclear

**17. A convex mirror is used in vehicles because:**

- A) It forms bigger image
- B) It shows wider area
- C) It inverts image
- D) It forms real image

**18. If speed doubles, kinetic energy becomes:**

- A) Double
- B) Half
- C) Four times
- D) Same

**19. During free fall, acceleration due to gravity is:**

- A) Increasing
- B) Decreasing
- C) Constant
- D) Zero

**20. When light passes from air to water, it:**

- A) Speeds up
- B) Slows down
- C) Disappears
- D) Reflects completely

**21. Which instrument measures atmospheric pressure?**

- A) Thermometer
- B) Barometer

C) Ammeter

D) Voltmeter

**22. If force and displacement are perpendicular, work done is:**

A) Maximum

B) Zero

C) Negative

D) Infinite

**23. Why do stars twinkle?**

A) Reflection

B) Refraction in atmosphere

C) Rotation

D) Explosion

**24. Electric bulb filament is made of:**

A) Copper

B) Iron

C) Tungsten

D) Aluminium

**25. A body moving in a circle has:**

A) No acceleration

B) Constant acceleration

C) Centripetal acceleration

D) Zero force

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>Q1</b> B	<b>Q2</b> B	<b>Q3</b> C	<b>Q4</b> C	<b>Q5</b> B
<b>Q6</b> B	<b>Q7</b> B	<b>Q8</b> B	<b>Q9</b> C	<b>Q10</b> B
<b>Q11</b> C	<b>Q12</b> B	<b>Q13</b> C	<b>Q14</b> B	<b>Q15</b> B
<b>Q16</b> C	<b>Q17</b> B	<b>Q18</b> C	<b>Q19</b> C	<b>Q20</b> B
<b>Q21</b> B	<b>Q22</b> B	<b>Q23</b> B	<b>Q24</b> C	<b>Q25</b> C

“Science and everyday life cannot and should not be separated.”

-Rosalind Franklin

## CHEMISTRY

- A. AMIRTHA VARSHINI (ALUMNI)

**1. What are Sodium Alkyl Sulphate and Benzene Sulphate examples of?**

- A) Explosives
- B) Insecticides
- C) Fungicides
- D) Synthetic Detergents

**2. Which of the following is produced when wood is burnt in a limited supply of oxygen?**

- A) Charcoal
- B) Water gas
- C) Petroleum
- D) Paraffin

**3. Which of the following is an example of a Thermosetting plastic?**

- A) Melamine
- B) Bakelite
- C) Formaldehyderesin
- D) Teflon

**4. Which among the following is the chemical composition of pearl?**

- A) Calcium carbonate
- B) Calcium carbonate and magnesium carbonate
- C) Calcium sulphate
- D) Calcium chloride

**5. What is the chemical formula of styrene?**

- A) C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>8</sub>
- B) C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>
- C) C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>4</sub>
- D) C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>9</sub>

**6. Scientists recently developed a new sodium-ion battery that can also do which of the following?**

- A) Replace copper wiring
- B) Desalinate seawater while storing energy
- C) Eliminate need for electrodes
- D) Generate nuclear power

**7. Which ion-based battery design was reported to deliver high performance without lithium?**

- A) Magnesium-ion
- B) Sodium-ion
- C) Calcium-ion
- D) Potassium-ion

**8. Which scientific event took place in Amritsar, India in February 2026?**

- A) Space exploration summit
- B) International Conference on Advances in Chemistry for Diverse Applications
- C) Nobel Prize ceremony
- D) Global climate change summit

**9. In 2026, the American Chemical Society (ACS) is celebrating how many years since its founding?**

- A) 50
- B) 100

C) 150

D) 200

**10. The ACS (American Chemical Society) was founded in which year?**

A) 1876

B) 1901

C) 1925

D) 1950

**11. The Union Budget 2026–27 announced the establishment of:**

A) New chemical textbooks

B) Three dedicated chemical parks

C) A space chemistry lab

D) A global chemistry prize

**12. Which breakthrough chemical structure was created after decades of searching?**

A) A five-atom silicon aromatic

B) A carbon nanotube

C) A graphene superlattice

D) A molecular magnet

**13. Which chemical policy change did the U.S. FDA announce in February 2026?**

A) Ban on all artificial flavoring

B) New flexibility on “no artificial colors”  
claims

C) Mandatory chemical hazard labels

D) Ban on nanotechnology

**14. Smart synthetic skin research was inspired by which animal?**

A) Chameleon

B) Octopus

C) Snake

D) Jellyfish

**15. The smart synthetic skin reported in Feb 2026 can:**

- A) Conduct electricity without wires      B) Change shape and hide images  
C) Store thermal energy      D) Emit X-rays

**16. Carbon Capture and Storage (CCS) technology mainly helps in reducing:**

- A) Nitrogen emissions      B) Sulphur emissions  
C) Carbon dioxide emissions      D) Methane emissions

**17. The pH of pure water at 25°C is:**

- A) 5      B) 6  
C) 7      D) 8

**18. Which gas is used in the Haber process?**

- A) Oxygen      B) Nitrogen  
C) Hydrogen      D) Both B and C

**19. The chemical formula of washing soda is:**

- A)  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O}$       B)  $\text{NaHCO}_3$   
C)  $\text{CaCO}_3$       D)  $\text{NaCl}$

**20. Which metal is liquid at room temperature?**

- A) Sodium      B) Mercury

C) Iron

D) Copper

**21. Which gas turns lime water milky?**

A) Oxygen

B) Nitrogen

C) Carbon dioxide

D) Hydrogen

**22. Electrolysis of water produces:**

A) Oxygen only

B) Hydrogen only

C) Hydrogen and Oxygen

D) Nitrogen

**23. Which process converts sugar into alcohol?**

A) Distillation

B) Fermentation

C) Sublimation

D) Oxidation

**24. Avogadro's number is:**

A)  $6.022 \times 10^{23}$

B)  $3.14 \times 10^8$

C)  $9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$

D)  $1.6 \times 10^{-19}$

**25. The IUPAC name of  $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-OH}$  is:**

A) Methanol

B) Ethanol

C) Propanol

D) Butanol

### ANSWER KEY

<b>Q1</b> D	<b>Q2</b> A	<b>Q3</b> B	<b>Q4</b> A	<b>Q5</b> A
<b>Q6</b> B	<b>Q7</b> B	<b>Q8</b> B	<b>Q9</b> C	<b>Q10</b> A
<b>Q11</b> B	<b>Q12</b> A	<b>Q13</b> B	<b>Q14</b> B	<b>Q15</b> B
<b>Q16</b> C	<b>Q17</b> C	<b>Q18</b> D	<b>Q19</b> A	<b>Q20</b> B
<b>Q21</b> C	<b>Q22</b> C	<b>Q23</b> B	<b>Q24</b> A	<b>Q25</b> B

“In nature nothing exists alone.”

-Rachael Carson

## **BOTANY**

- **K. R. SUSHMA (ALUMNI)**

**1. A new orchid species reported in 2026 from Kanthalloor region belongs to which biodiversity hotspot?**

- A) Himalayas
- B) Indo-Burma
- C) Western Ghats
- D) Sundaland

**2. Research on improving cucumber seed yield using “in-situ storage” recently received recognition from:**

- A) ICAR
- B) Indian Society of Vegetable Science
- C) FAO
- D) CGIAR

**3. The aroma in certain coconut varieties is mainly due to which compound?**

- A) Limonene
- B) 2-acetyl-1-pyrroline (2AP)
- C) Ethylene
- D) Terpenoid resin

**4. Studies found plants protecting dormant buds during drought stress. This adaptation is associated with:**

- A) Hydrophytes
- B) Xerophytes
- C) Mesophytes
- D) Epiphytes

**5. A global study found that tropical plants are flowering earlier or later mainly due to:**

- A) Soil salinity
- B) Atmospheric nitrogen deposition
- C) Climate change
- D) Genetic mutation

**6. The newly discovered species *Impatiens nagorum* is a:**

- A) Medicinal fungus
- B) Flowering plant species
- C) Marine algae
- D) Gymnosperm tree

**7. The genus *Impatiens* is commonly associated with which type of pollination?**

- A) Wind pollination
- B) Water pollination
- C) Insect pollination
- D) Self-pollination only

**8. *Dicliptera pakhalica* was discovered in which protected area?**

- A) Kawal Tiger Reserve
- B) Pakhal Wildlife Sanctuary
- C) Eturnagaram Sanctuary
- D) Nagarjunasagar Reserve

**9. The cobra lily species *Arisaema siahense* belongs to which family?**

- A) Poaceae
- B) Araceae
- C) Fabaceae
- D) Orchidaceae

**10. Why are plants of genus *Arisaema* commonly called “cobra lilies”?**

- A) Presence of venom glands
- B) Leaf arrangement resembles snake skin

- C) Hood-shaped flower resembling a cobra  
D) Underground snake-like roots

**11. Nitrogen fixation in leguminous plants occurs due to association with:**

- A) Azotobacter  
B) Rhizobium in root nodules  
C) Cyanobacteria in leaves  
D) Mycorrhizal fungi

**12. Non-thermal plasma treatment in seeds is mainly used to:**

- A) Induce polyploidy  
B) Increase germination and plant vigor  
C) Kill beneficial microbes  
D) Reduce photosynthesis

**13. Phenological mismatch refers to:**

- A) Failure of fertilization  
B) Mutation during reproduction  
C) Timing mismatch between flowering and pollinators  
D) Seed dormancy failure

**14. Which feature distinguishes angiosperms from gymnosperms?**

- A) Presence of vascular tissue  
B) Naked seeds  
C) Double fertilization  
D) Spore reproduction only

**15. Dr. Kanad Das, who is the 13th Director of the Botanical Survey of India (BSI), is a specialist in which field?**

- A) Paleobotany  
B) Ethnobotany

C) Mycology

D) Marine Algae

**16. The Birbal Sahni Institute of Palaeosciences is mainly associated with:**

A) Agricultural extension services

B) Plant breeding and hybridization

C) Study of fossil plants and evolution

D) Biotechnology regulation

**17. The new biofortified varieties of cherry tomato rich in nutrients like lycopene and  $\beta$ -carotene are named as:**

A) Arka Vikas and Arka Samrat

B) Anand Lalima and Anand Kundan

C) Bt Tomato 1 and 2

D) GM-Tom and GM-Red

**18. Which of the following best describes biofortification?**

A) Increasing crop yield using fertilizers

B) Improving nutritional quality of crops

C) Protecting crops from pests

D) Extending shelf life of fruits

**19. World Bioproduct Day is annually observed to highlight the importance of sustainable, plant-based products. On what date is this celebrated?**

A) June 5th

B) July 7th

C) September 16th

D) October 24th

**20. Which of the following is not a micronutrient for plants?**

A) Iron

B) Zinc

C) Copper

D) Nitrogen

**21. Which of the following deficiency causes chlorosis?**

- A) Nitrogen
- B) Magnesium
- C) Iron
- D) All of the above

**22. CAM plants open their stomata:**

- A) During daytime
- B) During night
- C) Always closed
- D) Only during rainfall

**23. Transpiration in plants is maximum during:**

- A) Night
- B) Early morning
- C) Noon
- D) Evening

**24. The major driving force for translocation of food in plants is:**

- A) Root pressure
- B) Diffusion
- C) Mass flow
- D) Active transport

**25. The pressure flow hypothesis in plants explains:**

- A) Water transport
- B) Mineral absorption
- C) Translocation of food
- D) Transpiration

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>Q1</b> C	<b>Q2</b> B	<b>Q3</b> B	<b>Q4</b> B	<b>Q5</b> C
<b>Q6</b> B	<b>Q7</b> C	<b>Q8</b> B	<b>Q9</b> B	<b>Q10</b> C
<b>Q11</b> B	<b>Q12</b> B	<b>Q13</b> C	<b>Q14</b> C	<b>Q15</b> C
<b>Q16</b> C	<b>Q17</b> B	<b>Q18</b> B	<b>Q19</b> B	<b>Q20</b> D
<b>Q21</b> D	<b>Q22</b> B	<b>Q23</b> C	<b>Q24</b> C	<b>Q25</b> C

“The love for all living creatures is the most noble attribute of man.”

-Charles Darwin

## ZOOLOGY

- S. JEEVANANTHIKA, II MA

**1. The branch of zoology that deals with animal behavior is called:**

- A) Cytology
- B) Ethology
- C) Histology
- D) Morphology

**2. CRISPR-Cas9 technology is mainly used for:**

- A) Protein synthesis
- B) Gene editing
- C) Cloning animals
- D) Vaccine production

**3. The study of animal distribution is known as:**

- A) Embryology
- B) Physiology
- C) Zoogeography
- D) Taxonomy

**4. Biodiversity hotspots are regions that:**

- A) Have low species diversity
- B) Are highly polluted
- C) Have high endemic species and are threatened
- D) Are desert ecosystems

**5. The Red Data Book is published by:**

- A) WHO
- B) FAO
- C) IUCN
- D) UNEP

**6. Transgenic animals are produced by:**

- A) Cross breeding
- B) Mutation
- C) Recombinant DNA technology
- D) Natural selection

**7. The technique used to produce identical animals is:**

- A) Hybridization
- B) Cloning
- C) Budding
- D) Fragmentation

**8. The hormone responsible for metamorphosis in amphibians is:**

- A) Insulin
- B) Thyroxine
- C) Adrenaline
- D) Estrogen

**9. The term “One Health” refers to:**

- A) Human healthcare only
- B) Animal healthcare only
- C) Integrated health of humans, animals, and environment
- D) Veterinary medicine

**10. The largest phylum in the animal kingdom is:**

- A) Mollusca
- B) Arthropoda
- C) Chordata
- D) Annelida

**11. DNA barcoding is used for:**

- A) Animal cloning
- B) Species identification
- C) Vaccine production
- D) Protein analysis

**12. The greenhouse gas mainly responsible for global warming is:**

- A) Oxygen
- B) Nitrogen
- C) Carbon dioxide
- D) Hydrogen

**13. The study of parasites and their hosts is called:**

- A) Entomology
- B) Parasitology
- C) Pathology
- D) Immunology

**14. Endangered species are those that:**

- A) Are extinct
- B) Have high population
- C) Are at high risk of extinction
- D) Are invasive

**15. The process of maintaining animals outside their natural habitat is:**

- A) In-situ conservation
- B) Ex-situ conservation

C) Migration

D) Adaptation

**16. PCR technique is used to:**

A) Destroy DNA

B) Amplify DNA

C) Cut DNA

D) Translate DNA

**17. The term zoonosis refers to:**

A) Plant diseases

B) Animal extinction

C) Diseases transmitted from animals to humans

D) Genetic disorders

**18. Bioaccumulation refers to:**

A) Breakdown of toxins

B) Accumulation of toxins in organisms

C) Water pollution

D) Soil erosion

**19. The study of animal tissues is called:**

A) Histology

B) Cytology

C) Ecology

D) Genetics

**20. Genome sequencing helps in:**

A) Studying behavior

B) Identifying entire DNA sequence

C) Observing fossils

D) Studying anatomy

**21. The International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) headquarters is in:**

- A) USA
- B) Switzerland
- C) India
- D) UK

**22. Coral bleaching mainly occurs due to:**

- A) Low oxygen
- B) Increased sea temperature
- C) High rainfall
- D) Wind erosion

**23. Wildlife Protection Act in India was enacted in:**

- A) 1952
- B) 1965
- C) 1972
- D) 1986

**24. The study of evolutionary relationships among organisms is called:**

- A) Phylogeny
- B) Anatomy
- C) Physiology
- D) Taxidermy

**25. A keystone species is one that:**

- A) Has no role in ecosystem
- B) Has a disproportionately large effect on ecosystem
- C) Is smallest in size
- D) Is extinct

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>Q1</b> B	<b>Q2</b> B	<b>Q3</b> C	<b>Q4</b> C	<b>Q5</b> C
<b>Q6</b> C	<b>Q7</b> B	<b>Q8</b> B	<b>Q9</b> C	<b>Q10</b> B
<b>Q11</b> B	<b>Q12</b> C	<b>Q13</b> B	<b>Q14</b> C	<b>Q15</b> B
<b>Q16</b> B	<b>Q17</b> C	<b>Q18</b> B	<b>Q19</b> A	<b>Q20</b> B
<b>Q21</b> B	<b>Q22</b> B	<b>Q23</b> C	<b>Q24</b> A	<b>Q25</b> B

“Know thyself.”

-Socrates

**GENERAL AWARENESS**

**WHO IS WHO**

- S. VINAYAGAMOORTHY, I MA

**1. Who is the new Director General of CRPF as of January 2026?**

- |                      |                           |
|----------------------|---------------------------|
| A) Anish Dayal Singh | B) Gyanendra Pratap Singh |
| C) Rahul Rasgotra    | D) Daljit Singh Chaudhary |

**2. Who has appointed as the 53rd Chief Justice of India (CJI) in 2026?**

- |                      |                   |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| A) Surya Kant Sharma | B) Sanjiv Khanna  |
| C) B.R. Gavai        | D) Hrishikesh Roy |

**3. Who is the Union Culture and Tourism Minister in India as of Jan 2026?**

- |                         |                             |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A) G. Kishan Reddy      | B) Gajendra Singh Shekhawat |
| C) Jyotiraditya Scindia | D) Arjun Ram Meghwal        |

**4. Which country will chair the global Kimberley Process Certification Scheme (KPCS) in 2026?**

- |           |                 |
|-----------|-----------------|
| A) Russia | B) India        |
| C) China  | D) South Africa |

**5. India's first digital nomad village was established in which state?**

- A) Goa
- B) Kerala
- C) Himachal Pradesh
- D) Uttarakhand

**6. What is the name of the supersonic anti-ship cruise missile developed by China in Feb 2026?**

- A) CM-302
- B) YJ-12
- C) DF-17
- D) HN-3

**7. Which Indian city topped the Numbeo Safety Index 2026 rankings?**

- A) Mumbai
- B) Pune
- C) Hyderabad
- D) Chennai

**8. Which country tested the world's first nuclear-powered cruise Missile Burevestnik?**

- A) China
- B) Russia
- C) USA
- D) North Korea

**9. Recently, Surya Kant Sharma has been appointed Chief Justice of India. He is \_\_\_ CJI.**

- A) 53rd
- B) 52nd
- C) 54th
- D) 51st

**10. Who will host the World Junior Shooting Championship 2028?**

- A) Australia  
C) India
- B) China  
D) USA

**11. Which Indian cough syrup was recently flagged as ‘substandard’ by the WHO?**

- A) Coldrex  
C) Coughnil
- B) Coldrif  
D) Coughsafe

**12. National Centre for Polar and Ocean Research (NCPOR) is located in which state?**

- A) Karnataka  
C) Goa
- B) Uttarakhand  
D) Kerala

**13. Which organisation launched a new Virtual Museum of Stolen Cultural Objects?**

- A) UNESCO  
C) WTO
- B) IUCN  
D) UNICEF

**14. The indigenous ‘SAKSHAM’ Anti-Drone Grid was developed by Indian Army with which company?**

- A) HAL  
C) BEL, Ghaziabad
- B) DRDO  
D) TASL

**15. Which government announced a digital library to preserve rare records of its temples?**

- A) Uttar Pradesh  
B) Bihar

C) Odisha

D) Tamil Nadu

**16. Which organisation has launched the enhanced Certificate of Origin (eCoO) 2.0 system?**

A) RBI

B) EPC

C) DGFT

D) FIEO

**17. Which organisation approved the 2nd Living drug, Qartemi, for blood cancer?**

A) ICMR

B) CDSCO

C) AIIMS, New Delhi

D) MOHFW

**18. In which of the following states will the World's largest data centre be built?**

A) Gujarat

B) Odisha

C) Maharashtra

D) Uttar Pradesh

**19. In which state was India's first digital nomad village established?**

A) Sikkim

B) Goa

C) Kerala

D) Telangana

**20. The World Economic Outlook Update 2026 was released by which organization?**

A) World Bank

B) IMF

C) WTO

D) UNDP

**21. Which bank becomes the first Indian bank to implement Clari5's NCRP Integration Solution?**

- A) PNB
- B) Bank of Baroda
- C) Bank of India
- D) Canara Bank

**22. Which Indian state launched India's first fully solar-powered ATM van in 2026?**

- A) Assam
- B) Tripura
- C) Odisha
- D) Sikkim

**23. Which country successfully launched the world's first wooden satellite, "LignoSat"?**

- A) China
- B) Japan
- C) USA
- D) Germany

**24. What is the name of India's first solar-powered mobile ATM van launched by TGB?**

- A) TGB Mobile
- B) TGB Express
- C) TGB on Wheels
- D) TGB Solar Van

**25. Which Australian cricketer was named ICC Men's Player of the Month for December 2025?**

- A) Pat Cummins
- B) Mitchell Starc
- C) Steve Smith
- D) David Warner

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>Q1</b> B	<b>Q2</b> A	<b>Q3</b> B	<b>Q4</b> B	<b>Q5</b> C
<b>Q6</b> A	<b>Q7</b> B	<b>Q8</b> B	<b>Q9</b> A	<b>Q10</b> A
<b>Q11</b> B	<b>Q12</b> C	<b>Q13</b> A	<b>Q14</b> C	<b>Q15</b> C
<b>Q16</b> C	<b>Q17</b> B	<b>Q18</b> A	<b>Q19</b> A	<b>Q20</b> B
<b>Q21</b> A	<b>Q22</b> B	<b>Q23</b> B	<b>Q24</b> C	<b>Q25</b> B

“Success is not final, failure is not fatal: It is the courage to continue that counts.”

-Winston Churchill

## RECENT AWARDS

- S. BARATH KUMAR, II MA

### 1. Who was awarded the Padma Vibhushan in Padma Awards 2026?

- A) Rohit Sharma
- B) Vijay Amritraj
- C) Dharmendra
- D) Alka Yagnik

### 2. Which sportsperson received the Padma Shri in 2026?

- A) Sachin Tendulkar
- B) Harmanpreet Kaur
- C) Virat Kohli
- D) Saina Nehwal

### 3. Which one of the following fields was Alka Yagnik recognized for in Padma Awards 2026?

- A) Literature
- B) Music
- C) Science
- D) Public Affairs

### 4. Which film won Best Film – Drama at the 83rd Golden Globes (Jan 2026)?

- A) The Pitt
- B) Hamnet
- C) One Battle After Another
- D) Sinners

**5. At the 83rd Golden Globe Awards, which film won Best Film – Musical or Comedy?**

- A) Adolescence
- B) One Battle After Another
- C) If I Had Legs I'd Kick You
- D) Marty Supreme

**6. Which film won Best Picture at the 31st Critics' Choice Awards in Jan 2026?**

- A) The Studio
- B) Sinners
- C) The Pitt
- D) One Battle After Another

**7. At the 9th Astra Film Awards, which film won Best Picture – Drama?**

- A) Sentimental Value
- B) One Battle After Another
- C) Sinners
- D) The Stranger

**8. Who won the Artist Daesang at the 40th Golden Disc Awards (Jan 2026)?**

- A) G-Dragon
- B) IVE
- C) Jennie
- D) BoyNextDoor

**9. Which photographer won the top prize at the 2026 World Nature Photography Awards?**

- A) Vaidehi Chandrasekar
- B) Jono Allen
- C) Elizabeth Yicheng Shen
- D) Mary Schrader

**10. Who received the Matrubhoomi Book of the Year Award 2026?**

- A) Chetan Bhagat
- B) Arundhati Roy

C) Amish Tripathi

D) Ruskin Bond

**11. Who won the Album of the Year at the 68th Grammy Awards in 2026?**

A) Lady Gaga – Mayhem

B) Olivia Dean – Debut

C) Bad Bunny – Debí Tirar Más Fotos

D) Kendrick Lamar – GNX

**12. Which artist won Record of the Year at the 2026 Grammys?**

A) Billie Eilish – “Wildflower”

B) Kendrick Lamar & SZA – “luther”

C) Lady Gaga – “Abracadabra”

D) Olivia Dean – New Artist

**13. Who was awarded Best New Artist at the 2026 Grammys?**

A) Lola Young

B) Olivia Dean

C) Sabrina Carpenter

D) Tyla

**14. Which song/record won Best Dance/Electronic Recording at the Grammys 2026?**

A) “Abracadabra” – Lady Gaga

B) “End of Summer” – Tame Impala

C) “Golden” – Huntr/X

D) “Defying Gravity” – Cynthia Erivo & Ariana Grande

**15. Who won the Best Dance Pop Recording award at the Grammy Awards 2026?**

A) Zara Larsson – “Midnight Sun”

B) Lady Gaga – “Abracadabra”

C) Selena Gomez – “Bluest Flame”

D) Tate McRae – “Just Keep Watching”

**16. Which artist won Best Pop Duo/Group Performance at the 2026 Grammys?**

- A) Rosé & Bruno Mars – “APT.”                      B) SZA & Kendrick Lamar – “30 For 30”  
C) Cynthia Erivo & Ariana Grande –                      D) Huntr/X – “Golden”  
“Defying Gravity”

**17. At the 33rd Hanteo Music Awards 2026 (K-pop), which group won the most awards?**

- A) BTS    B) Stray Kids  
C) Blackpink    D) SEVENTEEN

**18. Who was named Producer of the Year at the BRIT Awards 2026?**

- A) Dua Lipa    B) Ed Sheeran  
C) PinkPantheress    D) Calvin Harris

**19. In the 23rd Korean Music Awards 2026, who won Musician of the Year?**

- A) Effie    B) Hanroro  
C) Hwasa    D) Yerin Baek

**20. Which dance company won the Golden Lion award at the Venice Biennale 2026 for contemporary dance?**

- A) Alvin Ailey American Dance Theater                      B) Bangarra Dance Theatre  
C) Royal Ballet    D) Nederlands Dans Theater

**21. Which prestigious science award in nuclear astrophysics was awarded in 2026 to Chris Fryer?**

- A) Nobel Prize in Physics
- B) Hans A. Bethe Prize
- C) Turing Award
- D) Fields Medal

**22. Who won the Lifetime Achievement Award at the Banaras Lit Fest Book Awards 2026?**

- A) Peggy Mohan
- B) Namita Gokhale
- C) Mahadev Toppo
- D) Arundhati Roy

**23. The Banaras Lit Fest Book Awards 2026 include categories for which of the following?**

- A) Fiction, non-fiction, poetry and translation
- B) Only fiction
- C) Only children's books
- D) Only journalism

**24. Which children's book award honors top inclusive children's books in the UK with a £30,000 prize in 2026?**

- A) Caldecott Medal
- B) National Jewish Book Award
- C) Inclusive Books for Children Awards
- D) Sydney Taylor Book Award

**25. Which of the following books won at the Inclusive Books for Children Awards 2026?**

- A) Fireworks
- B) Supa Nova
- C) Legendary Frybread Drive-In
- D) Won't Go!

**26. Who won the \$100,000 Victorian Prize for Literature at the Victorian Premier's Literary Awards 2026?**

- A) Randa Abdel-Fattah
- B) Omar Musa
- C) Evelyn Araluen
- D) Micaela Sahhar

**27. At the Victorian Premier's Literary Awards 2026, which category did Randa Abdel-Fattah win?**

- A) People's Choice Award
- B) Fiction
- C) Poetry
- D) Indigenous Writing

**28. Which book won Book of the Year at the National Jewish Book Awards in 2026?**

- A) All the Blues in the Sky
- B) Hostage
- C) Fireworks
- D) Will's Race for Home

**29. Who won the Carnegie Medal for Best Fiction in 2026?**

- A) Renée Watson
- B) Megha Majumdar
- C) Daniel Nayeri
- D) María Dolores Águila

**30. At the ALA Youth Media Awards 2026, which book won the John Newbery Medal?**

- A) The Nine Moons of Han Yu and Luli
- B) All the Blues in the Sky
- C) A Sea of Lemon Trees
- D) Split the Sky

**31. Which of these is recognized by the Coretta Scott King Book Awards for outstanding work by African American authors/illustrators in 2026?**

- A) Legendary Frybread Drive-In                      B) The Library in the Woods  
C) Fireworks    D) Hostage

**32. Who won the Best Actor award at the Tamil Nadu State Film Awards 2026 (for films 2016–22)?**

- A) Vijay Sethupathi                                      B) Suriya  
C) Sivakarthikeyan                                      D) Dhanush

**33. Which actress won the Best Actress award at the Tamil Nadu State Film Awards 2026 for Paambu Sattai (2016)?**

- A) Manju Warriar                                        B) Keerthy Suresh  
C) Sai Pallavi    D) Aparna Balamurali

**34. Who received the Best Director award for Maanagaram (2016) at the Tamil Nadu State Film Awards 2026?**

- A) Lokesh Kanagaraj                                      B) Pushkar–Gayathri  
C) Mari Selvaraj                                         D) Sudha Kongara

**35. Which music composer won Best Music Director at the Tamil Nadu State Film Awards 2026 for Ponninyin Selvan: I?**

- A) Hip Hop Tamizha                                      B) A.R. Rahman

C) Deva

D) Anirudh Ravichander

**36. Which Tamil Nadu scientist was awarded the Padma Bhushan in 2026?**

A) Dr. H.V. Hande

B) Dr. Kallipatti Ramasamy Palaniswamy

C) Thiru. N. Swaminathan

D) Prof. V. Kamakoti

**37. Which field did Thiru. S.K.M. Maeilanandhan receive the Padma Bhushan for in 2026?**

A) Literature

B) Medicine

C) Social Work

D) Art

**38. Which of the following Tamil Nadu personalities was honoured with the Padma Shri in 2026 for Medicine?**

A) Dr. H.V. Hande

B) Tmt. Sivasankari

C) Dr. K. Ramasamy

D) R. Krishnan

**39. R. Krishnan (artist) received which national honour posthumously in 2026?**

A) Padma Vibhushan

B) Padma Bhushan

C) Padma Shri

D) Bharat Ratna

**40. The Kalaimamani Award is presented by the Tamil Nadu government for achievements in:**

A) Science & Technology

B) Arts, Literature, Music & Theatre

C) Sports

D) Agriculture

**41. Who received the prestigious Ilakkiya Maamani Award from the Government of Tamil Nadu for literary contribution in 2026?**

- A) Suki Sivam  
B) C. Mahendran  
C) Nellai S. Muthu  
D) Sa. Kandasamy

**42. The Ilakkiya Maamani Award presented by the Tamil Nadu Government recognises excellence in:**

- A) Sports  
B) Science research  
C) Literature  
D) Dance & Music

**43. Which literary figure from Tamil Nadu was awarded the Kalaimamani for contributions to Tamil literature and arts?**

- A) C. Mahendran  
B) Suki Sivam  
C) Nellai S. Muthu  
D) R. Krishnan

**44. The Kalaimamani Award given by the Tamil Nadu Government recognises achievements in which field?**

- A) Industrial innovation  
B) Public administration  
C) Arts & Literature  
D) Sports excellence

**45. Which tribal artist from Tamil Nadu was posthumously honoured with the Padma Shri in 2026 for art, preserving tribal painting?**

A) C. Mahendran

B) R. Krishnan

C) Suki Sivam

D) Lokesh Raghuraman

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>Q1</b> C	<b>Q2</b> B	<b>Q3</b> B	<b>Q4</b> B	<b>Q5</b> B
<b>Q6</b> D	<b>Q7</b> C	<b>Q8</b> C	<b>Q9</b> B	<b>Q10</b> B
<b>Q11</b> C	<b>Q12</b> B	<b>Q13</b> B	<b>Q14</b> B	<b>Q15</b> B
<b>Q16</b> C	<b>Q17</b> B	<b>Q18</b> C	<b>Q19</b> B	<b>Q20</b> B
<b>Q21</b> B	<b>Q22</b> B	<b>Q23</b> A	<b>Q24</b> C	<b>Q25</b> B
<b>Q26</b> C	<b>Q27</b> A	<b>Q28</b> B	<b>Q29</b> B	<b>Q30</b> B
<b>Q31</b> B	<b>Q32</b> B	<b>Q33</b> B	<b>Q34</b> A	<b>Q35</b> B
<b>Q36</b> B	<b>Q37</b> C	<b>Q38</b> A	<b>Q39</b> C	<b>Q40</b> B
<b>Q41</b> B	<b>Q42</b> C	<b>Q43</b> B	<b>Q44</b> C	<b>Q45</b> B

I just want to give my 100 percent and not worry about the results.”

-P.V.Sindhu

## **SPORTS**

- **T. RAJA, I MA**

**1. Which team has won the title of 'Women's Premier League 2026'?**

- A) Delhi Capitals
- B) UP Warriorz
- C) Mumbai Indians
- D) Royal Challengers Bangalore

**2. Which country has won the 'One Day Under-19 Men's Cricket World Cup 2026' title?**

- A) India
- B) Australia
- C) England
- D) Pakistan

**3. Which Indian squash player won her first PSA Bronze-level title at the 'Squash On Fire Open 2026'?**

- A) Joshna Chinappa
- B) Deepika Pallikal
- C) Tanvi Khanna
- D) Anahat Singh

**4. Who has become the second Indian woman to score 10,000 runs in international cricket?**

- A) Smriti Mandhana
- B) Mithali Raj
- C) Harmanpreet Kaur
- D) Jhulan Goswami

**5. Who won the men's title at the 44th Junior National Kho Kho Championship 2026?**

- A) Karnataka  
C) Bihar
- B) Tamil Nadu  
D) Maharashtra

**6. Which state topped the medal table at the 'Khelo India Beach Games 2026'?**

- A) Karnataka  
C) Tamil Nadu
- B) Manipur  
D) Meghalaya

**7. Which state secured the top position at the 69th National School Games?**

- A) Haryana  
C) Punjab
- B) Delhi  
D) Maharashtra

**8. Which team won the Santosh Trophy 2025-26 (79th National Football Championship)?**

- A) Services  
C) Punjab
- B) Kerala  
D) West Bengal

**9. Who became India's 92nd chess Grandmaster (GM) in January 2026?**

- A) Koustav Chatterjee  
C) Aryan Varshney
- B) Vignesh NR  
D) Sayantan Das

**10. Who won the title of the 'Vijay Hazare Trophy 2025-2026'?**

- A) Saurashtra  
C) Vidarbha
- B) Bihar  
D) Karnataka

**11. Who became the first Indian shuttler to win 500 singles matches?**

- A) Saina Nehwal
- B) Tai Tzu-ying
- C) PV Sindhu
- D) Carolina Marin

**12. Which state topped the medal tally in the first phase of 'Khelo India Winter Games 2026'?**

- A) Maharashtra
- B) Haryana
- C) Karnataka
- D) Ladakh

**13. Which country will co-host the 'ICC T20 World Cup 2026' with India?**

- A) Pakistan
- B) Australia
- C) England
- D) Sri Lanka

**14. Which team won the title of Hockey India League (HIL) 2026?**

- A) Alexander Hendricks
- B) Ranchi Royals
- C) Kalinga Lancers
- D) Hyderabad Toofans

**15. Who won the women's singles title at the 2026 Australian Open?**

- A) Aryna Sabalenka
- B) Ashleigh Barty
- C) Elena Rybakina
- D) Victoria Azarenka

**16. Who won the men's singles title in 'Australian Open 2026'?**

A) Jannik Sinner

B) Carlos Alcaraz

C) Rafael Nadal

D) Novak Djokovic

**17. Which state will host India's first 'World Police and Fire Games 2029'?**

A) Gujarat

B) Maharashtra

C) Haryana

D) Odisha

**18. Who received the Global Lifetime Achievement Award at the 13th Mohammed Bin Rashid Al Maktoum International Sports Award?**

A) Roger Federer

B) Rafael Nadal

C) Novak Djokovic

D) Andy Murray

**19. Who won the men's (Open) title at the FIDE World Rapid Chess Championship 2025?**

A) Anish Giri

B) Vladislav Artemiev

C) Magnus Carlsen

D) Arjun Erigaisi

**20. Who created the record for most wickets in Women's T20 International cricket?**

A) Deepti Sharma

B) Megan Schutt

C) Jhulan Goswami

D) Ellyse Perry

**21. Who was appointed as the new Head Coach of the Indian Women's Hockey Team in Jan 2026?**

A) Harendra Singh

B) Matias Vila

C) Sjoerd Marijne

D) Wayne Lombard

**22. Where did PM Modi virtually inaugurate the 72nd National Volleyball Championship 2026?**

A) Varanasi

B) Mumbai

C) New Delhi

D) Kolkata

**23. Who will become the oldest female player to compete at the Australian Open 2026 at age 45?**

A) Serena Williams

B) Martina Navratilova

C) Venus Williams

D) Kim Clijsters

**24. In January 2026, where was the second edition of the 'Khelo India Beach Games' held?**

A) Odisha

B) Diu

C) Puducherry

D) Goa

**25. Who surpassed Kumar Sangakkara to become the second-highest run-scorer in international cricket?**

A) Rohit Sharma

B) Joe Root

C) Steve Smith

D) Virat Kohli

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>Q1</b> D	<b>Q2</b> A	<b>Q3</b> D	<b>Q4</b> A	<b>Q5</b> A
<b>Q6</b> A	<b>Q7</b> D	<b>Q8</b> A	<b>Q9</b> C	<b>Q10</b> C
<b>Q11</b> C	<b>Q12</b> B	<b>Q13</b> D	<b>Q14</b> C	<b>Q15</b> C
<b>Q16</b> B	<b>Q17</b> A	<b>Q18</b> C	<b>Q19</b> C	<b>Q20</b> A
<b>Q21</b> C	<b>Q22</b> A	<b>Q23</b> C	<b>Q24</b> B	<b>Q25</b> D

“The important thing is not to stop questioning. Curiosity has its own reason for existing.”

-Albert Einstein

**APTITUDE AND REASONING**

**CODING AND DECODING**

- V. CHELLA, I MA

**1. If in a code language, COULD be written as BNTKC and MARGIN is written as LZQFHM, how will MOULDING be written in that code?**

- A) CHMFINTK
- B) LNKTCHMF
- C) LNTKCHMF
- D) NITKHCMF

**2. If TAP is coded as SZO, then how is FREEZE coded?**

- A) EQDFYG
- B) ESDFYF
- C) GQFDYF
- D) EQDDYD

**3. In a certain code, FORGE is written as FPTJI. How is CULPRIT written in that code?**

- A) CSJNPGR
- B) CVMQSTU
- C) CVNSVNZ
- D) CXOSULW

**4. According to a military code SYSTEM is SYSMET and NEARER is AENRER. What is the code for FRACTION?**

- A) CARFTINO
- B) FRACNOIT
- C) CARFTION
- D) CARFNOIT





**15. The letters of 'INCOMPREHENSIBILITIES' are reversed alphabetically. How many letter positions remain unchanged?**

- A) None
- B) One
- C) Two
- D) Three

**16. If 'ABCD' = 24 and 'EFGH' = 1680, then how is 'IJKL' written?**

- A) 11880
- B) 11240
- C) 7920
- D) 5940

**17. P,Q,R,S,T are 4,5,10,12,15. If  $Q-S=2S$  and  $T=R+S+3$ , then what is  $P+R-T$ ?**

- A) 1
- B) 2
- C) 3
- D) D.S.

**18. If 'POT' = ATOP and 'TRAP' = APART, then how is 'ARENA' written?**

- A) AARENA
- B) AANREA
- C) AANEAR
- D) AANERA

**19. If \$ is '/', @ is '\*', and # is '-', then the value of  $10\#5@1\$5$  is:**

- A) 0
- B) 1
- C) 2
- D) 9

**20. Consider the sum:  $.+1+.2+.3+.1= 21$ . In the above sum, (.) stands for:**

- A) 4
- B) 5
- C) 6
- D) 8

**21.  $A3BC + DE2F = 15902$  (each letter  $> 3$ ). What is the difference between A and D?**

- A) 1
- B) 2
- C) 3
- D) 4

**22.  $136$  added to  $5B7$  is  $7A3$ .  $7A3$  is divisible by 3. The only possible value of B is:**

- A) 2
- B) 5
- C) 8
- D) 7

**23. If GOVERN  $\rightarrow$  HPWFSO and PUBLIC  $\rightarrow$  QVCMJD, then POLICY  $\rightarrow$  ?**

- A) QPMJDZ
- B) QPMJDY
- C) QPNJDY
- D) QPNJDZ

**24. If  $ABC * DEED = ABCABC$ , what are the values of D and E?**

- A) D=2, E=0
- B) D=0, E=1
- C) D=1, E=0
- D) D=1, E=2

25. L-T are 1-9. P=4, |P-T|=5, |N-T|=3. What is N?

A) 7

B) 5

C) 4

D) 6

**ANSWER KEY**

<b>Q1</b> C	<b>Q2</b> D	<b>Q3</b> C	<b>Q4</b> D	<b>Q5</b> A
<b>Q6</b> A	<b>Q7</b> C	<b>Q8</b> B	<b>Q9</b> B	<b>Q10</b> D
<b>Q11</b> D	<b>Q12</b> D	<b>Q13</b> D	<b>Q14</b> D	<b>Q15</b> C
<b>Q16</b> A	<b>Q17</b> B	<b>Q18</b> D	<b>Q19</b> D	<b>Q20</b> A
<b>Q21</b> C	<b>Q22</b> C	<b>Q23</b> A	<b>Q24</b> C	<b>Q25</b> D

“Language is the dress of thought.”

-Samuel Johnson

**LANGUAGES**

**ENGLISH**

- **B. VISHNU, II MA**

**1. The central argument of the passage is:**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| A) Judiciary should dominate policymaking                  | B) Executive efficiency ensures democracy |
| C) Democratic stability depends on institutional restraint | D) Legislature is supreme                 |

**2. “Counter-majoritarian safeguard” refers to:**

- |                        |                    |
|------------------------|--------------------|
| A) Popular vote        | B) Judicial review |
| C) Executive ordinance | D) Federalism      |

**3. The tone of the passage is:**

- |              |               |
|--------------|---------------|
| A) Polemical | B) Analytical |
| C) Emotional | D) Cynical    |

**4. Executive aggrandisement may weaken democracy primarily by:**

- |                            |                              |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| A) Strengthening courts    | B) Increasing efficiency     |
| C) Diluting accountability | D) Encouraging participation |

**5. The phrase “culture of restraint” implies:**

- A) Legal amendments
- B) Institutional self-discipline
- C) Public protests
- D) Judicial activism

**6. The author would most likely agree that:**

- A) Constitutional text alone ensures balance
- B) Institutional behaviour shapes democracy
- C) Legislature must control judiciary
- D) Efficiency is more important than accountability

**7. The core issue discussed is:**

- A) Global trade
- B) Inflation-growth trade-off
- C) Fiscal deficit
- D) Export competitiveness

**8. “Structural rigidities” most nearly mean:**

- A) Temporary shocks
- B) Systemic inefficiencies
- C) Political instability
- D) Taxation policies

**9. Monetary tightening primarily aims to:**

- A) Boost exports
- B) Increase liquidity
- C) Control inflation
- D) Reduce taxation

**10. The risk of tightening policy is:**

- A) Higher exports
- B) Lower inflation
- C) Reduced investment
- D) Increased demand

**11. The author's approach is:**

- A) One-sided
- B) Balanced and analytical
- C) Emotional
- D) Ideological

**12. "Delicate calibration" implies:**

- A) Random action
- B) Careful balancing
- C) Policy reversal
- D) Delayed reform

**13. The disagreement in negotiations is primarily about:**

- A) Scientific data
- B) Equity and responsibility
- C) Renewable technology
- D) Carbon market

**14. "Differentiated obligations" refers to:**

- A) Equal targets
- B) Varied responsibilities
- C) Trade barriers
- D) Tax reforms

**15. The tone is:**

- A) Accusatory
- B) Analytical

C) Sarcastic

D) Emotional

**16. The impasse is described as normative because it concerns:**

A) Data accuracy

B) Ethical principles

C) Weather patterns

D) Political instability

**17. The author suggests that climate debate is largely about:**

A) Science

B) Technology

C) Justice

D) Energy efficiency

**18. Which assumption underlies emerging economies' argument?**

A) All countries polluted equally

B) Development should not be  
constrained unfairly

C) Climate change is exaggerated

D) Mitigation is unnecessary

**19. Transparency without enforcement leads to symbolic compliance. This implies enforcement is necessary for:**

A) Symbolism

B) Effectiveness

C) Secrecy

D) Expansion

**20. If skill development stagnates while population grows, demographic dividend may become:**

A) Fiscal surplus

B) Liability

C) Export gain

D) Stability factor

**21. A policy described as “myopic” is:**

A) Visionary

B) Short-sighted

C) Neutral

D) Inclusive

**22. “Double-edged reform” suggests:**

A) Only benefits

B) Only risks

C) Mixed consequences

D) Ineffectiveness

**23. The committee recommended that the ordinance \_\_ withdrawn.**

A) is

B) was

C) be

D) being

**24. No sooner had the verdict been delivered \_\_ protests erupted.**

A) when

B) than

C) then

D) while

**25. The data \_\_ that inequality has widened.**

A) suggests

B) suggest

C) have suggested

D) suggesting

**26. Each of the participants \_\_ submitted his report.**

- A) have
- B) has
- C) were
- D) are

**27. Hardly had the summit concluded \_\_ the joint statement was released.**

- A) than
- B) when
- C) while
- D) then

**28. “Perfunctory response” means:**

- A) Detailed
- B) Superficial
- C) Enthusiastic
- D) Lengthy

**29. “Tenuous alliance” means:**

- A) Strong
- B) Fragile
- C) Permanent
- D) Transparent

**30. Antonym of “Intransigent”:**

- A) Rigid
- B) Flexible
- C) Stubborn
- D) Adamant

**31. All reforms increase efficiency. Some efficiency measures reduce employment.**

**Therefore:**

- A) All reforms reduce employment
- B) Some reforms may reduce employment
- C) No reform reduces employment
- D) Employment always rises

**32. If A implies B, and B implies C, then A implies:**

- A) Not C
- B) B
- C) B only
- D) A

**33. Statements: All judges are lawyers. Some lawyers are activists. Conclusion:**

- A) All judges are activists
- B) Some judges are activists
- C) No judge is activist
- D) Cannot be determined

**34. Identify correct sentence:**

- A) The jury have delivered its verdict.
- B) The jury has delivered its verdict.
- C) The jury has delivered their verdict.
- D) The jury have delivered their verdict.

**35. "He is senior \_\_ me."**

- A) than
- B) to
- C) over
- D) by

**36. If he had known, he \_\_ acted differently.**

- A) would
- B) would have
- C) will have
- D) had

**37. The proposal was rejected, \_\_ it was innovative.**

- A) although
- B) because
- C) unless
- D) therefore

**38. “Mitigate” means:**

- A) Worsen
- B) Intensify
- C) Alleviate
- D) Abandon

**39. “Ubiquitous” means:**

- A) **Rare**
- B) **Everywhere**
- C) Unique
- D) Isolated

**40. The phrase “on the brink of” means:**

- A) Far from
- B) About to happen
- C) After
- D) During

### ANSWER KEY

1. C	2. B	3. B	4. C	5. B
6. B	7. B	8. B	9. C	10. C
11. B	12. B	13. B	14. B	15. B
16. B	17. C	18. B	19. B	20. B
21. B	22. C	23. C	24. B	25. A
26. B	27. B	28. B	29. B	30. B
31. B	32. B	33. D	34. B	35. B
36. B	37. A	38. C	39. B	40. B

“கற்றது கைமண் அளவு; கல்லாதது உலகளவு.”

- ஓளவையார்

## பொதுத்தமிழ்

- M. HARIPRASATH, I MA

1. இந்தியாவின் மிக உயர்ந்த சிவிலியன் விருது எது?

- A) பத்ம விபூஷன்  
B) பாரத ரத்னா  
C) பத்ம ஸ்ரீ  
D) அர்ஜுனா விருது

2. உலகின் மிகப்பெரிய கண்டம் எது?

- A) ஆப்பிரிக்கா  
B) ஐரோப்பா  
C) ஆசியா  
D) வட அமெரிக்கா

3. ஒரு வளர்ந்த மனித உடலில் உள்ள எலும்புகளின் எண்ணிக்கை?

- A) 200  
B) 206  
C) 300  
D) 210

4. தமிழ்நாட்டின் மாநில மரம் எது?

- A) ஆலமரம்  
B) வேப்பமரம்  
C) தென்னை மரம்  
D) பனை மரம்

5. மின்சாரத்தைக் கண்டுபிடித்தவர் யார்?

- A) ஆல்பர்ட் ஐன்ஸ்டீன்                      B) ஐசக் நியூட்டன்  
C) பெஞ்சமின் பிராங்க்ளின்              D) தாமஸ் ஆல்வா எடிசன்

6. சூரிய குடும்பத்தில் உள்ள கோள்களின் எண்ணிக்கை எவ்வளவு?

- A) 7    B) 8  
C) 9    D) 10

7. சுதந்திர இந்தியாவின் முதல் பிரதமர் யார்?

- A) மகாத்மா காந்தி                      B) ஜவஹர்லால் நேரு  
C) இந்திரா காந்தி                      D) சர்தார் வல்லபாய் படேல்

8. 'கணினியின் தந்தை' என அழைக்கப்படுபவர் யார்?

- A) பில் கேட்ஸ்                              B) சார்லஸ் பேபேஜ்  
C) ஸ்டீவ் ஜாப்ஸ்                          D) மார்க் ஜூக்கர்பெர்க்

9. இந்தியாவின் தேசிய நதி எது?

- A) காவிரி                                      B) யமுனை  
C) பிரம்மபுத்திரா                          D) கங்கை

10. தஞ்சை பிரகதீஸ்வரர் கோயிலைக் கட்டியவர் யார்?

- A) கரிகால சோழன்                      B) முதலாம் ராஜேந்திர சோழன்  
C) முதலாம் ராஜராஜ சோழன்        D) திருமலை நாயக்கர்

11. வெள்ளை யானைகளின் தேசம் எது?

- A) இந்தியா                                B) தாய்லாந்து  
C) இலங்கை                                D) சீனா

12. இந்தியாவின் 'இரும்பு மனிதர்' யார்?

- A) பகத் சிங்                                B) நேதாஜி சுபாஷ் சந்திர போஸ்  
C) சர்தார் வல்லபாய் படேல்        D) லால் பகதூர் சாஸ்திரி

13. ஒலிம்பிக் கொடியில் உள்ள வளையங்களின் எண்ணிக்கை?

- A) 4    B) 5  
C) 6    D) 7

14. தமிழ்நாட்டின் தலைநகரம் எது?

- A) மதுரை                                    B) கோவை  
C) சென்னை                                D) திருச்சி

15. இயற்கையில் கிடைக்கும் மிகக் கடினமான பொருள் எது?

- A) இரும்பு  
B) தங்கம்  
C) நிலக்கரி  
D) வைரம்

16. இந்தியாவின் தேசப்பிதா யார்?

- A) ஜவஹர்லால் நேரு  
B) மகாத்மா காந்தி  
C) விவேகானந்தர்  
D) காமராஜர்

17. சதுரங்கப் (Chess) பலகையில் உள்ள மொத்த கட்டங்கள் எத்தனை?

- A) 32  
B) 60  
C) 64  
D) 100

18. 'ஆயிரம் ஏரிகளின் நாடு' எது?

- A) பின்லாந்து  
B) ஜப்பான்  
C) கனடா  
D) நார்வே

19. மனித இரத்தம் சிவப்பாக இருப்பதற்குக் காரணம் என்ன?

- A) பிளாஸ்மா  
B) ஹீமோகுளோபின்  
C) குளோரோபில்  
D) கால்சியம்

20. திருக்குறளில் உள்ள மொத்த அதிகாரங்கள் எத்தனை?

A) 100

B) 133

C) 150

D) 1330

21. உலகின் மிக நீளமான நதி எது?

A) அமேசான்

B) நைல்

C) கங்கை

D) மிசிசிபி

22. விமானத்தை முதன்முதலில் கண்டுபிடித்தவர்கள் யார்?

A) ரைட் சகோதரர்கள்

B) எடிசன் சகோதரர்கள்

C) லாமியர் சகோதரர்கள்

D) ஆர்கிமிடிஸ்

23. ஒரு நிமிடம் என்பது எத்தனை விநாடிகள்?

A) 30

B) 60

C) 100

D) 120

24. இந்தியாவின் தேசிய விலங்கு எது?

A) சிங்கம்

B) சிறுத்தை

C) யானை

D) புலி



ஐஏஎஸ் ஐபிஎஸ் மற்றும் டிஎன்பிஎஸ்சி தேர்வுகளில்  
வெற்றிபெற பயிற்சி முறைமைகள்

Dr.கு.செந்தில்குமார்  
பேராசிரியர் & துறைத்தலைவர்  
அரசியல் & பொது நிர்வாகம்  
அழகப்பா பல்கலைக்கழகம்

+2 முடித்துவிட்டு இளங்கலை பட்டப்படிப்பு  
படிப்பவர்களுக்கும், இளங்கலை முடித்துவிட்டு முதுகலை  
தொடர்பவர்களுக்கும் உடனடியாக வேலைக்கு செல்ல ஐஏஎஸ் ஐபிஎஸ்  
மற்றும் டிஎன்பிஎஸ்சி தேர்வுகளுக்கு தயார் செய்வதின் மூலம் வேலை  
வாய்ப்புகள் பெறுவதற்கு வாய்ப்புகள் அதிகம் உள்ளது. ஒரே விஷயம்,  
படிக்கின்ற காலத்திலேயே பயிற்சி வழிமுறைகளை பின்பற்றுவதின்  
மூலம் நமக்கு கிடைக்க இருக்கக்கூடிய வேலைகளை நாம்  
உறுதிபடுத்திக்கொள்ளலாம், தொழில்முறைகல்வி படிப்பவர்களுக்கு  
ஏதாவது ஒரு வேலை உறுதியாக அமைய வாய்ப்பு அதிகம்  
காணப்படுகிறது. ஆனால் கலை மற்றும் அறிவியல் படிப்பவர்களுக்கு  
இந்த வாய்ப்புகள் மிக அறிது. ஆனாலும் தொழில்முறைகல்வி  
படிப்பவர்களும் போட்டித் தேர்வுகளில் அதிக கவனம் செலுத்தி பாஸ்  
செய்து விடுவது குறிப்பிடத்தக்கது. மூன்று ஆண்டுகளோ (அ) இரண்டு  
ஆண்டுகளோ பட்டப்படிப்பு/முதுகலை பட்டப்படிப்பு படிக்கின்ற  
காலத்திலேயே முழு மூச்சாக இத்தேர்வுகளுக்கு பயிற்சி செய்யும்  
பட்சத்தில் கண்டிப்பாக பட்டப்படிப்பு முடித்த கையோடு நாம் வேலைக்கு  
செல்லலாம்.

ஐஏஎஸ் ஐபிஎஸ் தேர்வுகள் ஒவ்வொரு வருடமும் ஜூலை-ஆகஸ்ட்  
மாதங்களில் நடத்தப்படுகிறது. மூன்று நிலைகளில் தேர்வுகள் நடத்தப்பட்டு

முறையே முதன்மை தேர்வு,பிரதான தேர்வு மற்றும் நேர்காணல் ஆகியவைகளில் போட்டியாளர்களின் திறன் பரிசோதிக்கப்படுகின்றன.பின் அவரவர்களின் மதிப்பெண்களுக்கு ஏற்ப ஐஏஎஸ், ஐபிஎஸ் என 23 பிரிவுகளில் பணிகள் வழங்கப்படுகின்றன. டிஎன்பிஎஸ்சி குரூப்-1 தேர்வுகளும் ஆட்தேவைக்கு ஏற்ப இப்போது அடிக்கடி விண்ணப்ப அழைப்பு செய்யப்படுகிறது.

யூபிஎஸ்சி- யால்நடத்தப்படுகிற ஐஏஎஸ், ஐபிஎஸ் தேர்வும் டிஎன்பிஎஸ்சி -யால் நடத்தப்படுகிற குரூப் தேர்வுகளும் பொது அறிவையும்,மூளைத் திறன் சார்ந்த கேள்விகளைத்தான் அதிகம் உள்ளடக்கி இருக்கின்றன. உலகத்தின் பல்வேறுபட்ட நிகழ்வுகளையும்,நிகழ்ந்தவைகளையும் நீங்கள் எவ்வளவு தூரம் புரிந்து வைத்துள்ளீர்கள் என்பதை சோதிப்பதற்காகவே பொது அறிவு கேள்விகள் கேட்கப்படுகின்றன.மேலும் ஒரு குறிப்பிட்ட சூழ்நிலையில் உங்கள் பணியில் நீங்கள் எவ்வளவு வேகமாகவும்,சாமர்த்தியமாகவும் செயல்படுகிறீர்கள் என்பதை சோதிப்பதற்காகவே லாஜிக் சம்பந்தப்பட்ட கேள்விகள் கேட்கப்படுகிறது.பொது மூளைத் திறன் சம்பந்தப்பட்ட கேள்விகளுக்கு என்று பிரத்தியோகமாக புத்தகங்களும்,கடந்த வருட பரீட்சைகளில் கேள்வி- பதில்களோடு நிறையவே கிடைக்கின்றன.இணையத்தளங்களிலும் சம்பந்தப்பட்ட கேள்வி- பதில்கள் வழிமுறைகளோடு பதிவிறக்கம் செய்யும் வகையில் அதிகம் காணப்படுகின்றன.

லாஜிக் கேள்விகளை சாதாரணமாக எடைபோடுவது தவறு.தினமும் இதற்க்கென்று நேரம் ஒதுக்கி பயிற்சி செய்வது அவசியம்.செமி தாள்கள் நிறைய வாங்கி ஒவ்வொரு மாதிரி கேள்விகளையும் விடாமல் பயிற்சி செய்து பார்க்கவும்.அதிகாலை நேரம் மூளை திறன் கேள்விகளுக்கு

பயிற்சி செய்வது உகந்த நேரம்.ஒவ்வொரு நாளும் அதிகாலை 3 மணி நேரம் இதற்க்கென்று செலவிடுவது அவசியமாகிறது.

பொது அறிவுக்கென்று ஆண்டுப் புத்தகம் நிறையவே கிடைக்கிறது.அறிவியல்,உலக வரலாறு,உலக புவியியல்,இந்திய வரலாறு,பொருளாதாரம்,சமூக அலங்கங்கள்,இந்திய அரசியல்,தேசிய நிகழ்வுகள்,பன்னாட்டு நிகழ்வுகள்,சுற்றுப்புற சூழ்நிலையியல்,போன்றவை இதில் அடக்கமாகும்.இவை எல்லாவற்றையும் உள்ளடக்கிய அடிப்படை தகவல்களும்,கோட்பாடுகளும் என்சிஇஆர்டி(NCERT) புத்தகங்களில் பொதிந்திருக்கின்றன.இவ்வகை புத்தகங்கள் அனைத்துமே இணையதளத்திலிருந்து இலவசமாக ஆக பதிவிறக்கம் செய்து பயன்பெறலாம்..

பொது அறிவு பாடங்களை ஒவ்வொரு நாளும் ஒவ்வொரு பாடத்திற்கும் அரை மணிநேரம் ஒதுக்கி குறிப்பெடுத்து படிப்பது அவசியம்.மேற்குறிப்பிட்ட ஒவ்வொரு பாடங்களுக்கும் ½ மணிநேரம் என்ற விகிதத்தில் கணக்கிடுகிறபோது 5 மணிநேர உழைப்பு அவசியமாகிறது.இந்த 5 மணிநேரத்தை சிறிது சிறிதாக உயர்த்துகிற பட்சத்தில் பரிட்சையில் வெற்றிக்கான தூரம் குறைவாகி இலக்கை நோக்கி நம் நம்பிக்கை நம்மை உயர்த்துவது நம் கண் முன்னே உறுதியாக தெரிய வரும்.

மேலும் எடுத்துமுடித்த குறிப்புகளை எப்போதும் கூடவே வைத்திருங்கள்.கல்லூரியில் எப்போது நேரம் கிடைத்தாலும் திரும்ப திரும்ப அக்குறிப்புகளை வாசிக்கும்பட்சத்தில் பச்சை மரத்தில் அடித்ததுபோல மனதில் பதிந்துவிடும்.ஒவ்வொரு கருத்தும், நிகழ்வும் படிக்கிறபோது அது சம்பந்தப்பட்ட அறிவு, விரிவாக்கம் அடைவதாக உணர்க.

ஒவ்வொரு நாளும் 250-லிருந்து 300 புறநிலை கேள்விகள் (objective questions)படிப்பது, பயிற்சிஆக்குவது நன்று.அதுபோல ஒவ்வொரு கேள்வி-பதிலுடன் நீங்கள் செலவிடுகிற நேரத்தை பொருத்து அது உங்கள் நினைவில் தங்குகிறது.புறநிலை கேள்விகள் படிப்பது சாயங்கால நேரத்தில் இருக்கட்டும்.மனம் சுறுசுறுப்பாக இருக்கும் நேரத்தில் விரிவாக இருக்க கூடிய பாடங்களை படித்து குறிப்பு எடுப்பதை வழக்கமாக கொள்ளுங்கள்.ஒவ்வொரு கேள்வி-பதில் படிக்கின்றபோதும் உங்கள் வாழ்க்கையை நிர்ணயிக்கின்ற நேரமாக நினைத்து மகிழ்ச்சியுடன் படிக்க பழகவும்.

பயிற்சி காலத்தில் மிக முக்கியமான கடமை டைரி எழுதுவது.ஒவ்வொரு நாளும் எந்தெந்த பாடத்தை எப்போது படிக்க போகிறீர்கள் என்பதை காலையில் எழுந்தவுடன் டைரியில் எழுதிவிடவும்.எடுத்துக்காட்டாக

மூளைத்திறன்:4-7

செய்தித்தாள்கள்:7.15-8.15

பொது அறிவியல்:10-11

உலக வரலாறு:11-12

உலக புவியியல்:12-1

இந்திய பொருளாதாரம்:2.30-3.30

இந்திய அரசியல்:3.30-4.30

சுற்றுப்புற சூழ்நிலையியல்:5-6

உலக பிரச்சினைகள்:7-8

பயிற்ச்சியை முடித்த பிறகு தினமும் உறங்கபோகும்முன் அன்று டைரியில் என்னென்ன வேலைகளை செயலாற்றி இருக்கிறீர்கள் என்பதை டிக் செய்யவும்.டைரியை தினமும் விடாமல் எழுதும் பட்சத்தில் இலக்கை நோக்கிய பாதையில் நாம் எங்கிருக்கிறோம்,இன்னும் எவ்வளவு தூரம் கடக்க வேண்டும் என்பது நமக்கு தெரியவரும்.போட்டி தேர்வு எழுதுபவர்களுக்கு இப்பழக்கம் மிக அவசியம்.கல்லூரிக் காலங்களில் மேற்க்கூறிய நேர அட்டவணையை தகுந்தாற்போல மாற்றிக்கொள்ளவும்.நம் இலக்கை அடைவதற்கு நேரத்தை திருடுவது தவறு அல்ல.

செய்தித் தாள்களில் இருந்து அன்றாட நிகழ்வுகளை குறிப்பெடுத்து பதிவு செய்வது தினசரி கடமைகளில் ஒன்று ஆகும்.எந்த தினசரி பத்திரிக்கை வரலாற்றோடு செய்திகளை ஆய்வு செய்து தருகிறதோ அந்த பத்திரிக்கை போட்டி தேர்வுகளுக்கு மிகவும் பயன்பாடாக இருக்கும்.தேசிய நிகழ்வுகளுக்கும்,பன்னாட்டு நிகழ்வுகளுக்கும் தனித்தனியே நோட்டுகளை வைத்து குறிப்பு எடுக்கவும்.நேரம் கிடைக்கும் போதெல்லாம் குறிப்புகளை திரும்பத் திரும்ப வாசித்து கொண்டே இருப்பது பயிற்ச்சியின் முக்கிய அங்கம்.

எந்த ஒரு நிகழ்வையும் (அ) கருத்தையும் படிக்குமுன் அது சார்ந்த கேள்விகளை நிறைய எழுப்பி எழுதி கொள்ளவும்.உதாரணத்திற்கு சுற்றுப்புற சூழல் மாசுபடுதல்;ஓசோன் மண்டலம் பாழாதல்;பூமி வெப்பமடைதல்;பனிப்பாறைகள் உருகுதல்;கடல்நீர்மட்டம் உயருதல்;மக்களுக்கு ஆபத்து ஏற்படல்.இதுபோல ஒவ்வொரு கருத்தையும் “ஏன்” என்ற கேள்விகளை எழுப்பி படிப்பதற்கு சாக்ரடியன் மாடல் (அ)டியாலேக்டிக்(Dialectic) முறைமை என்று பெயர்.பின் இது சம்பந்தப்பட்ட புத்தகங்களை படிக்கும்போது சிறிது சிறிதாக பதில்கள் கிடைத்து தெளிவு பிறக்கும்.

பயிற்சி கால கட்டத்தில் மன இயல்பை எப்போதும் படித்ததை பற்றி மட்டுமே சிந்தித்துகொண்டும்,தொடர்புபடுத்திக்கொண்டும் இருப்பது நன்று.உதாரணத்திற்கு ஒளிவிளக்கை பார்க்கின்றீர்கள்; உடனே இதை கண்டுபிடித்தது யார்,எப்படி,எப்போது,எங்கே,பயன்கள் என்று மனதை ஒருமுகப்படுத்தி பயிற்சிக்கு உள்ளாக்குகிறபோது ஒவ்வொரு நாளும் நம்பிக்கை பெருக அதிக வாய்ப்பு உள்ளது.

பொது அறிவு வினாக்களை பொருத்தவரை ஒவ்வொரு நிகழ்வையும் (அ)கருத்தையும் பற்றி 10-லிருந்து 15 அடுக்கு தகவல்களை குறிப்பெடுப்பது அவசியமும் போதுமானதுமாக இருக்கிறது.எடுத்துக்காட்டாக காந்தியை பற்றி படிக்கின்றீர்கள்.காந்தி தெற்கு ஆப்ரிக்காவிலிருந்து திரும்பிய ஆண்டு;இந்திய தேசிய காங்கிரஸில் பங்கு;மாண்டேகு-செம்ச்போர்ட் சீர்திருத்தங்கள்; மத பிரதிநிதித்துவம் ;ஜாலியன்வாலாபாக் படுகொலை;ஒத்துழையாமை இயக்கம்;சட்ட மறுப்பு இயக்கம்;வட்ட மேஜை மாநாடுகள்;காந்தி-இர்வின் ஒப்பந்தம்;உப்பு சத்யாகிரகம்;வெள்ளையனே வெளியேறு இயக்கம்;கிரிபீஸ் மிசன்;நேரு-காந்தி;பட்டேல்-காந்தி,அம்பேத்கர்-காந்தி;நடப்பு உலகில் காந்தியாவாதம்.மேற்கூறியது போல படிக்கின்ற அத்துனை விஷயத்திற்கும் 15- அடுக்கு தகவல் சேகரிப்பு மற்றும் குறிப்பெடுத்தல், ஊர்ஜிதமாக உங்கள் வெற்றியை உறுதிப்படுத்துகிறது.

திரும்ப திரும்ப பொது அறிவு பாடங்களை படிப்பது நாம் மறந்து போகாமல் இருப்பதற்கு வழிவகுக்கிறது.

இவை யாவையும் தாண்டி இந்த நிமிடம்,இந்த வேளையில் நம் இலக்கினை நோக்கி நாம் என்ன செய்யலாற்றிக்கொண்டிருக்கிறோம் என்ற விழிப்புணர்வும்,ஆத்ம ரீதியான உழைப்புமே நம்மை இவ்வகையான தேர்வுகளில் வெற்றிபெற செய்யும்.